Slate Grocery REIT

Q2 2024 Quarterly Report







Fuquay Crossing, Fuquay-Varina, North Carolina



About Slate Grocery REIT

(TSX: SGR.U / SGR.UN)

Slate Grocery REIT is an owner and operator of U.S. grocery-anchored real estate. The REIT owns and operates approximately U.S. \$2.4 billion of critical real estate infrastructure across major U.S. metro markets that communities rely upon for their everyday needs. The REIT's resilient grocery-anchored portfolio and strong credit tenants provide unitholders with durable cash flows and the potential for capital appreciation over the longer term.

Visit slategroceryreit.com to learn more about the REIT.

Slate Grocery REIT is managed by Slate Management. Slate Asset Asset Management is a global alternative investment platform. We focus on fundamentals with the objective of creating long-term value for our investors and partners. Slate's platform focuses on four areas of real assets, including real estate equity, real estate credit, real estate securities and infrastructure. We are supported by exceptional people and flexible capital, which enable us to originate and execute on a wide range of compelling investment opportunities.

Visit slateam.com to learn more, and follow Slate Asset Management on LinkedIn, X (Twitter), and Instagram.

Forward-looking Statements

Certain information in this management's discussion and analysis ("MD&A") constitutes "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of applicable securities legislation. These statements reflect management's expectations regarding objectives, plans, goals, strategies, future growth, results of operations, performance and business prospects and opportunities of Slate Grocery REIT (the "REIT") including expectations for the current financial year, and include, but are not limited to, statements with respect to management's beliefs, plans, estimates and intentions, and similar statements concerning anticipated future events, results, circumstances, performance or expectations that are not historical facts. Statements that contain words such as "could", "should", "would", "can", "anticipate", "expect", "does not expect", "believe", "plan", budget", "schedule", "estimate", "intend", "project", "will", "may", "might", "continue" and similar expressions or statements relating to matters that are not historical facts constitute forward-looking

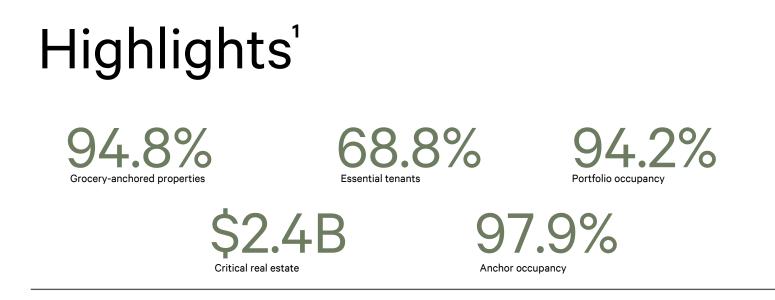
statements. Some of the specific forward-looking statements contained herein include, but are not expressions or statements relating to matters that are not historical facts constitute forward-looking statements. Management believes that the expectations reflected in its forward-looking statements are based upon reasonable assumptions, however, management can give no assurance that actual results, performance or achievements will be consistent with these forward-looking statements.

These forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future events or performance and, by their nature, are based on the REIT's current estimates and assumptions, which are subject to significant risks and uncertainties. The REIT believes that these statements are made based on reasonable assumptions; however, there is no assurance that the events or circumstances in these forward-looking statements will occur or be achieved.

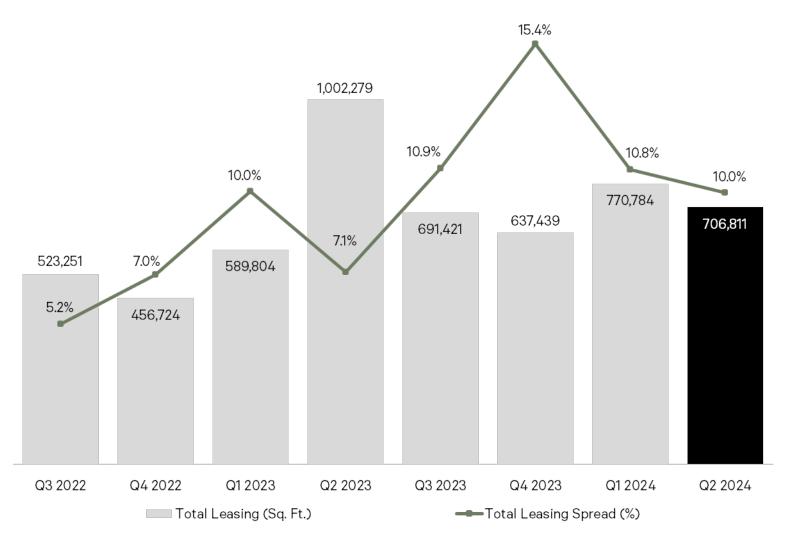
A number of factors could cause actual results to differ materially from the results discussed in the forward-looking statements including, but not limited to the risks that are more fully discussed under the "Risk Factors" section of the annual information form of the REIT for the year ended December 31, 2023 ("Annual Information Form"). Factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those contemplated or implied include, but are not limited to: risks incidental to ownership and operation of real estate properties including local real estate conditions; financial risks related to obtaining available equity and debt financing at reasonable costs and interest rate fluctuations; operational risks including timely leasing of vacant space and re-leasing of occupied space on expiration of current leases on terms at current or anticipated rental rates: tenant defaults bankruptcies; uncertainties of acquisition activities including availability of suitable property acquisitions and in integration of acquisitions; cyber security risks; reliance on third-party services; compliance with covenants under certain agreements entered into by the REIT;

competition including development of properties in close proximity to the REIT's properties; loss of key management and employees; potential environmental liabilities; catastrophic events, such as earthquakes and hurricanes; risks related to climate change; risks related to the structure of the REIT; governmental, taxation and other regulatory risks and litigation risks.

Forward-looking statements included in this MD&A are made as of August 7, 2024 and accordingly are subject to change after such date. The REIT does not undertake to update any forward-looking statements that are included in this MD&A, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as expressly required by applicable securities laws. Certain statements included in this MD&A may be considered "financial outlook" for purposes of applicable securities laws, and such financial outlook may not be appropriate for purposes other than this MD&A. Investors are cautioned against placing undue reliance on forward-looking statements.



Leasing momentum continued in Q2 2024 at healthy spreads



¹On a proportionate interest basis.

Ranked by GLA 9.2% Krǫqer 2 9.0% Walmart 🚬 3 3.9% Ahold Delhaize 4 3.9% Publix 5 3.6% Alhortsons

Top 5 tenants

70.3% remaining tenants across 1,851 leases

Essential Based Tenancy¹

47%

Supermarkets & Grocery²

9%	4%	2%	
0 / 0		Dollar Stores	
	Medical & Personal Services	2% Financia Institutio	
Other Necessity-	3%	1%	1%
Based & Daily Needs	Restaurants	Pharmacies	Liquor Stores

 $^{\rm 1}$ Based on the North American Industry Classification System. $^{\rm 2}$ Includes Walmart.



Assets

23

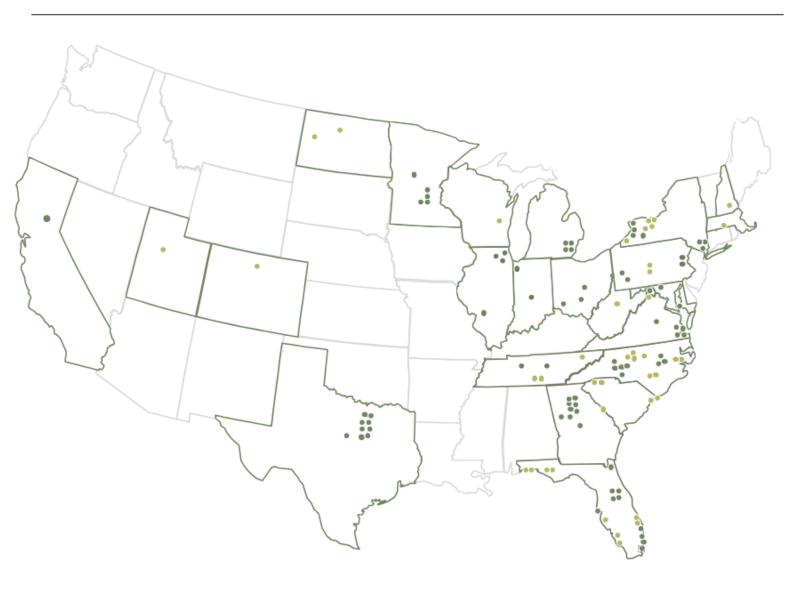
States

Number of properties

116

15.2M

Square feet



Legend

Asset

Presence in 23 of the top 50 U.S. Metropolitan Statistical Areas ("MSAs")

Our experience lets us see opportunity clearly.

Letter to Unitholders

Dear Fellow Unitholders,

We are pleased to report a strong second quarter of growth for Slate Grocery REIT, with robust leasing and rental rate increases supporting healthy same-property net operating income ("NOI") growth year-over-year.

Favorable fundamentals in the grocery-anchored sector continue to provide tailwinds for our portfolio of high-quality grocery real estate. The REIT completed 706,811 square feet of total leasing in the second quarter at attractive doubledigit rental spreads. 84,679 square feet of new deals were completed at 28.0% above comparable average in-place rent and non-option renewals were completed at 12.8% above expiring rents.

Portfolio occupancy at quarter end remained stable at 94.2%, with a well-established pipeline of leasing opportunities expected to support a positive trend for occupancy growth in the coming quarters.

Several consecutive quarters of strong leasing activity at high rental spreads drove healthy income growth this quarter. Adjusting for completed redevelopments, same-property NOI increased by \$1.4 million or 3.5% year-over-year.

Notwithstanding this growth, the REIT's average in-place rent of \$12.56 per square foot remains well below the \$23.38¹ market average. This provides further runway for continued rent increases to drive long-term NOI growth.

Our team continues to actively manage the REIT's balance sheet to ensure the REIT remains protected in the current interest rate environment.

94.8% of the REIT's total debt remains fixed with a weighted average interest rate of 4.5%, providing positive leverage and stability for the REIT. Looking ahead, the REIT is actively managing near-term debt maturities, with productive lender conversations ongoing.

Despite the REIT's strong leasing fundamentals and embedded rental growth, the REIT's shares continue to trade at a discount to Net Asset Value ("NAV") – a value that was further validated in the second quarter by the REIT's sale of a stabilized, non-grocery anchored property at a premium to its IFRS book value. As at June 30, 2024, the portfolio's weighted average capitalization rate is 7.2% and our unit price represents a 42.8% discount to NAV. Despite trading at a significant discount to NAV, the REIT still remains a top quartile performer compared to U.S. and Canadian retail REIT peers.

We believe fundamentals in the grocery-anchored real estate sector point to continued stable performance of this asset class.

Over the past five years, retail has experienced the lowest amount of new supply amongst other property types including office, apartment, and industrial¹. And today, high construction costs and elevated interest rates are continuing to keep new retail supply near record lows.

Availability in the neighborhood, community, and strip center segment also remains at a 15-year low, giving landlords pricing power to increase rental rates. Bolstered by low vacancy levels, both quarter-over-quarter and year-over-year retail asking rent growth hit recent highs in the first quarter of 2024^2 .

At the same time, broader retail sales have remained healthy, growing 3.6% year-over-year in the first quarter, with essential goods outperforming discretionary categories. Grocery sales in particular grew at 1.7% year-over-year in June 2024, the highest rate in the last three months³. While macro pressures have contributed to pockets of stress in certain segments of the broader retail industry, our grocers and in-line tenants have remained well-insulated from these shocks due to their focus on everyday essential goods and services that are required by consumers in all economic cycles.

Grocery-anchored real estate has proven its resiliency in various market conditions, and we believe current market fundaments in the sector, coupled with below market rents within our portfolio, will enable us to continue growing revenue and increasing value for all unitholders.

On behalf of the Slate Grocery REIT team and the Board, I would like to thank the investor community for their confidence and support of our efforts.



Sincerely, Blair Welch CEO, Slate Grocery REIT August 7, 2024

¹ CBRE Econometric Advisors as of Q2 2024

²CBRE's Q1 2024 State of the U.S. Retail Market report

³ https://www.census.gov/retail/sales.html



Management's Discussion and Analysis

SLATE GROCERY REIT

SX: SGR.U and SGR.UN June 30. 2024

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FINANCIAL AND INFORMATIONAL HIGHLIGHTS

(in thousands of United States dollars)

	Q2 202	4	Q1 2024		Q4 2023		Q3 2023		Q2 2023		Q1 2023
Summary of Portfolio Information											
Number of properties ¹	116		117		117		117		117		117
Gross leasable area ("GLA") ¹	15,246,124		15,329,814	15	5,316,529	15,	316,802	15	5,312,744	15	5,284,170
GLA occupied by grocery-anchors ¹	6,586,943		6,645,958	6	6,712,077	6	,712,077	e	6,712,077	6	,679,309
Occupancy ¹	94.2%		94.4%		94.7%		94.1%		93.9%		93.7%
Anchor occupancy ¹	97.9%		98.3%		99.2%		99.3%		99.3%		99.2%
Non-anchor occupancy ¹	91.0%		90.8%		90.5%		89.5%		89.1%		88.7%
Grocery-anchor weighted average lease term (years) ¹	5.4		5.3		5.1		5.2		5.4		5.1
Portfolio weighted average lease term (years) ¹	4.8		4.8		4.7		4.7		4.7		4.5
Square feet ("SF") of new leasing ¹	84,679		98,198		160,792		103,142		143,462		137,008
SF of total leasing ¹	706,811		770,784		637,439		691,421	1	,002,279		589,804
Summary of Financial Information											
Gross book value ("GBV") ²	\$ 2,228,532	: :	\$ 2,241,191	\$ 2	2,235,798	\$2	,244,401	\$	2,239,128	\$	2,231,131
GBV, Proportionate ³	2,439,905		2,453,308		2,448,127	2,	459,006	2	2,453,443	2	2,446,234
Debt	1,155,591		1,165,036		1,161,756	1	,144,742		1,141,434		1,134,561
Debt, Proportionate ³	1,361,187		1,371,478		1,369,053	1	,352,854		1,350,243	,243 1,343,95	
Revenue	51,818		51,915		51,539		50,629		50,324		50,789
Net income ¹	14,003		13,612		5,177		12,370		18,948		(14,831)
Net operating income ("NOI") ¹³	41,442		40,572		40,139		40,182		40,313		39,838
Funds from operations ("FFO") ¹³	17,472		16,198		15,991		16,329		16,513		15,955
Adjusted funds from operations ("AFFO") ¹³	14,095		13,045		13,029		13,061		13,603		13,397
Distributions declared	\$ 12,968	: :	\$ 12,968	\$	12,968	\$	13,006	\$	13,095	\$	13,218
Per Unit Financial Information											
Class U equivalent units outstanding 4	60,339		60,318		60,301		60,276		60,631		61,240
Weighted Average class U equivalent units outstanding ("WA units") ⁴	60,327		60,307		60,285		60,473		60,897		61,460
FFO per WA units ¹³	\$ 0.29		\$ 0.27	\$	0.27	\$	0.27	\$	0.27	\$	0.26
AFFO per WA units ¹³	0.23		0.22		0.22		0.22		0.22		0.22
Declared distributions per unit	\$ 0.216	;	\$ 0.216	\$	0.216	\$	0.216	\$	0.216	\$	0.216
Financial Ratios											
FFO payout ratio ¹³⁵	74.2%		80.1%		81.1%		79.6%		79.3%		82.8%
AFFO payout ratio ¹³⁵	92.0%		99.4%		99.5%		99.6%		96.3%		98.7%
Debt / GBV	51.9%		52.0%		52.0%		51.0%		51.0%		50.9%
Weighted average interest rate ¹⁶	4.50%		4.45%		4.44%		4.20%		4.10%		4.26%
Interest coverage ratio ³	2.76x		2.70x		2.72x		2.91x		3.03x		2.85x

All portfolio information is for the three month period ended, and all other amounts are as at the end of the period.

¹Includes the REIT's share of joint venture investments.

²GBV is equal to total assets.

³Refer to non-IFRS financial measures on page 15.

⁴ Represents the total number of class U units outstanding, if all other units of the REIT, its subsidiaries, and its deferred unit plan, were converted or exchanged, as applicable, for class U units of the REIT.

⁵ FFO payout ratio and AFFO payout ratio is equal to distributions declared divided by FFO and distributions declared divided by AFFO, respectively.

⁶ Includes the impact of pay-fixed receive-float swaps.

PART I - OVERVIEW

INTRODUCTION

This MD&A of the financial position and results of operations of Slate Grocery REIT (TSX: SGR.U and SGR.UN) and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "REIT") is intended to provide readers with an assessment of performance and summarize the financial position and results of operations of the REIT for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2024. The presentation of the REIT's financial results, including the related comparative information, contained in this MD&A are based on the REIT's condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2024 (the "consolidated financial statements"), which have been prepared by management in accordance with International Accounting Standard ("IAS") 34, *Interim Financial Reporting*, as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"). This MD&A should be read in conjunction with those consolidated financial statements. All amounts are in thousands of United States dollars, which is the functional currency of the REIT and all of its subsidiaries.

The information contained in this MD&A is based on information available to the REIT and is dated as of August 7, 2024, which is also the date the Board of Trustees, upon the recommendation of its Audit Committee, approved the contents of this MD&A.

PROFILE

The REIT is an unincorporated open-ended real estate mutual fund trust constituted in accordance with the laws of the Province of Ontario pursuant to an amended and restated Declaration of Trust dated as of April 15, 2014, as amended on August 17, 2020. As of June 30, 2024, the REIT owns 116 grocery-anchored properties located in the United States of America (the "U.S.") comprising 15.2 million square feet of GLA.

The REIT is externally managed and operated by Slate Asset Management (Canada) L.P. (the "Manager" or "Slate"). The Manager has an experienced and dedicated team of real estate professionals with a proven track record of success in real estate investment and management. Management's interests are aligned with the unitholders of the REIT through its sponsorship and as a significant unitholder of the REIT. Slate holds an approximate 5.6% interest in the REIT, and accordingly, is highly motivated to increase the value to unitholders and provide reliable growing returns to the REIT's unitholders.

Additional information on the REIT, including its Annual Information Form, is available on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.ca and on the REIT's website at www.slategroceryreit.com.

STRATEGY AND OUTLOOK

Our strategy is to own the last mile of essential logistics that allows our quality grocery-anchored properties to operate and service consumers for their everyday needs. Located in major markets in the U.S., we believe that our diversified portfolio and quality tenant covenants provide a strong basis to continue to grow unitholder distributions and flexibility to capitalize on opportunities that provide appreciation in value.

We are focused on the following areas to achieve the REIT's objectives:

- Be disciplined in our acquisition of well-located properties that provide opportunity for future value creation;
- Proactive property and asset management that results in NOI growth while minimizing property and portfolio vacancy exposure;
- Prudent and disciplined management of capital outlays that will maintain and increase the attractiveness of the REIT's portfolio and achieve increased rents; and
- Continue to increase the REIT's financial strength and flexibility through robust balance sheet management.

The REIT's internal growth strategy includes the following:

- Maintaining strong tenant relationships and ensuring tenant retention: Slate expects to continue to nurture its many longstanding
 relationships with existing tenants by anticipating and adapting to their changing needs and being proactive with lease renewals. Slate
 understands the value of maintaining existing tenancies and will engage in ongoing discussions with tenants throughout their lease term to
 be proactive in negotiating early renewals as leases approach their expiries. The growing size of the REIT's portfolio will help strengthen its
 longstanding relationships with existing tenants and allow Slate to offer leasing opportunities across multiple properties. This strategy will
 promote organic growth by minimizing marketing, leasing and tenant improvement costs and avoiding interruptions in rental income
 generation.
- Maximizing rental income through leasing initiatives: Slate expects to maintain the current high level of occupancy in the REIT's properties by leveraging Slate's established leasing platform. Slate intends to continue to implement active strategies that take into consideration prevailing economic conditions, the nature of the property, its local positioning, as well as existing and prospective tenants. Many of the REIT's properties are located in areas with low vacancy rates and minimal new competitive supply, which should minimize leasing costs and allow the REIT to replace in-place rents with increased market rents as leases expire. Slate also seeks to continue to include contractual rent escalators in leases to further facilitate growth in rental income.
- Repositioning current properties: Slate believes that in a number of situations there exists the opportunity to reposition properties currently held by the REIT through modest and targeted capital projects and/or operational improvements.
- Acting creatively and opportunistically to drive incremental value through monetization of the REIT's land and assets by densification, leasing of rooftops, parking lots and other elements of the REIT's properties.

The REIT will continue to focus on acquiring diversified revenue producing commercial real estate properties with a focus on grocery-anchored properties. The REIT's external growth strategy includes the following:

- Opportunity to benefit from its relationship with Slate: The REIT anticipates that its continuing relationship with Slate provides opportunities to acquire additional properties. Slate has a strong track record of closing acquisitions and believes that it can grow the asset base of the REIT on an accretive basis in the near to medium term.
- Identify undervalued properties: Slate's extensive relationships with a network of U.S.-based commercial real estate brokers allows it to
 identify undervalued properties, many of which may be "off-market" or not widely marketed for sale. With over 40,000 grocery stores in the
 U.S., there are significant opportunities for the REIT to continue its strategy of acquiring attractive, revenue-producing grocery-anchored
 properties. Slate's familiarity with the REIT's properties allows it to identify complementary acquisition opportunities that are aligned with the
 REIT's investment criteria and accretive to cash flow. The REIT seeks to acquire properties that are: (i) located in major metropolitan areas in
 the U.S. that demonstrate favourable population and employment growth dynamics; (ii) located in well-developed sub-markets with limited
 risk of new development; and (iii) anchored by market dominant grocers and other essential tenants who fulfill the last mile of logistics and
 have a proven track record of strong sales and profitability. Slate will continue to target major metropolitan areas in the U.S. outside of
 gateway markets where there is typically more competition and less favourable pricing for quality assets.
- Apply Slate's hands-on asset management philosophy: Even though Slate targets assets that are stable, income producing properties, Slate will continue to assess each property to determine how to optimally refurbish, reposition and re-tenant the property. Slate will continue to work closely with contractors to reduce operating costs and will oversee capital expenditure projects to ensure they are on budget and completed on time. In addition, Slate will continue to: (i) focus on rebuilding and strengthening tenant relationships with a view to gaining incremental business and extending stable tenant leases; and (ii) outsource property management and other real estate property functions to lower the operating costs borne by the tenants. This cost reduction further improves tenant relationships and will increase the net operating income of the REIT's properties.

The REIT has established itself as both a leading and differentiated owner and operator of grocery-anchored properties in the U.S. The REIT's critical real estate infrastructure and strong credit tenants provide unitholders with durable cash flows and the potential for capital appreciation over the longer term.

NON-IFRS FINANCIAL MEASURES

We disclose a number of financial measures in this MD&A that are not measures determined in accordance with IFRS, including NOI, sameproperty NOI, FFO, FFO payout ratio, AFFO, AFFO payout ratio, adjusted earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortization ("Adjusted EBITDA") and the interest coverage ratio, in addition to certain measures on a per unit basis. We utilize these measures for a variety of reasons, including measuring performance, managing the business, capital allocation and the assessment of risk. Descriptions of why these non-IFRS measures are useful to investors and how management uses each measure are included in this MD&A. We believe that providing these performance measures on a supplemental basis to our IFRS results is helpful to investors in assessing the overall performance of our businesses in a manner similar to management. These financial measures should not be considered as a substitute for similar financial measures calculated in accordance with IFRS. We caution readers that these non-IFRS financial measures may differ from the calculations disclosed by other businesses, and as a result, may not be comparable to similar measures presented by others. Reconciliations of these non-IFRS measures to the most directly comparable financial measures calculated and presented in accordance with IFRS are included within this MD&A.

The definition of non-IFRS financial measures are as follows:

- NOI is defined as rental revenue less operating expenses, prior to straight-line rent, International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC") 21, Levies ("IFRIC 21"), property tax adjustments and adjustments for joint venture investments. Same-property NOI includes those properties owned by the REIT for each of the current period and the relevant comparative period excluding those properties under development. NOI margin is defined as NOI divided by revenue, prior to straight-line rent.
- FFO is defined as net income adjusted for certain items including transaction/disposition costs, change in fair value of properties, change in fair value of financial instruments, deferred income taxes, unit income, adjustments for joint venture investments and IFRIC 21 property tax adjustments.
- AFFO is defined as FFO adjusted for straight-line rental revenue and revenue sustaining capital, leasing costs and tenant improvements.
- FFO payout ratio and AFFO payout ratio are defined as distributions declared divided by FFO and AFFO, respectively.
- FFO per WA unit and AFFO per WA unit are defined as FFO and AFFO divided by the weighted average class U equivalent units outstanding, respectively.
- Adjusted EBITDA is defined as NOI less general and administrative expenses.
- Interest coverage ratio is defined as adjusted EBITDA divided by cash interest paid.
- Net asset value is defined as the aggregate of the carrying value of the REIT's equity, deferred income taxes and exchangeable units of subsidiaries.
- Proportionate interest represents financial information adjusted to reflect the REIT's equity accounted joint ventures on a proportionately consolidated basis at the REIT's ownership percentage of the related investment.

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The environmental, social, and corporate governance ("ESG") strategy at Slate is to mindfully grow our business by striking a careful balance between environmental and social responsibility with the aim of creating positive outcomes for our tenants, employees and communities, while generating value for our investors. To achieve this, management is embedding ESG practices into the core of Slate's and the REIT's day-to-day operations, as well as building out strategic action plans, goals, and targets that align with the ESG focus areas for Slate and the REIT - Climate Risk and Reliance, Stakeholder Relations, and Resource Efficiency. In tandem, there is a growing obligation from regulators and financial reporting bodies, such as IFRS Foundation and the affiliated International Sustainability Standards Board ("ISSB"), to report on sustainability and climaterelated issues.

ESG Disclosure Obligation

On June 26, 2023, the ISSB released its finalized IFRS S1, *General Requirements for Disclosure of Sustainability-related Financial Information* ("IFRS S1") and IFRS S2, *Climate-related Disclosures*, ("IFRS S2") standards, creating a global baseline for the disclosure of sustainability information. IFRS S1 requires a company to disclose information about all sustainability-related risks and opportunities that could reasonably be expected to affect its prospects, including its cash flows, its access to finance or cost of capital, over the short, medium or long term. IFRS S2 requires a company to disclose information about its climate-related risks, which includes both physical risks and transition risks, and opportunities that are useful to investors and other providers of financial capital in making decisions relating to providing resources to companies. The IFRS S2 standard incorporates and builds on the Task Force on Climate-Related Financial Disclosures ("TCFD") recommendations. In Canada, the path towards mandatory application of sustainability reporting standards has progressed with the release of exposure drafts of the Canadian Sustainability Disclosure Standards ("CSDS") by the Canadian Sustainability Standards Board ("CSSB"). The proposed effective date for voluntary adoption of the CSDS is January 1, 2025, with mandatory adoption for public companies yet to be determined by the Canadian Securities Administrators ("CSA"). There will be a two-year transition relief period for reporting scope 3 emissions (tenant-controlled emissions) and sustainability disclosures (i.e sustainability risks and opportunities), with mandatory reporting beginning on or after January 1, 2027. Whilst this transitional relief is being proposed by CSSB, this timing is subject to change through the CSSB's comment and deliberation periods. If finalised as such, mandatory requirements will be subject to the CSA's final rules in this area.

As reported previously, the REIT has actioned upon a number of measures as part of its own ESG commitment that will align with the expected sustainability and climate-related reporting obligations. During the three month period ended June 30, 2024, this included the following:

• Energy and Water Management

The REIT continued to capture energy, carbon, water and waste data for each property to support measurement, monitoring, target setting and reporting. Utility data was assured successfully by an independent third party, with assessment against the AA1000 sustainability assurance standard.

• Management of Tenant Sustainability Impacts

Green leases are in place and are being rolled out to tenants to capture Scope 3 carbon emissions. To date, this represents 1.4 million square feet.

The REIT approved leased community rooftop solar projects at 2 properties, Beach Shopping Center and Riverdale Shops. Both projects are anticipated to be completed towards the end of 2024 and will sell renewable electricity directly back to the grid.

Energy Efficient Initiatives

The REIT completed 9 LED upgrade projects in the quarter to parking lots as part of the broader LED upgrade program due to be completed in the fourth quarter of 2024.

The REIT also completed roof upgrades at 5 properties to include reflective coatings, reducing the heat-effect and thus reducing the energy usage for cooling.

To learn more about our ESG initiatives, please visit our website: <u>www.slategroceryreit.com</u> and <u>www.slateam.com/esg/</u> for the Slate 2023 ESG Report.

RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

In addition to the risks and uncertainties included herein, the REIT's business is subject to a number of risks and uncertainties which are described in its most recently filed Annual Information Form for the year ended December 31, 2023, available on SEDAR+ at <u>www.sedarplus.ca</u>. Additional risks and uncertainties not presently known to the REIT or that the REIT currently considers immaterial also may impair its business and operations and cause the price of the REIT's units to decline in value. If any of the noted risks actually occur, the REIT's business may be harmed and the financial condition and results of operations may suffer significantly. In that event, the trading price of the units could decline, and unitholders may lose all or part of their investment.

RECENT DEVELOPMENTS

The following is a summary of the key financial and operational highlights and recent developments for the REIT for the six month period ended June 30, 2024:

• The REIT completed the disposition of a stabilized non-grocery anchored property, Stonefield Square, located in Louisville, Kentucky, for a gross sale price of \$12.8 million. The net proceeds received from the sale were used to repay the outstanding revolver balance.

- The REIT completed 706,811 square feet of leasing at a weighted average rental spread of 10.0% comprising 622,132 square feet of renewals and 84,679 of new leasing. As at June 30, 2024, portfolio occupancy totalled 94.2%.
- Same-property NOI for the three month period ended June 30, 2024 increased by \$1.0 million or 2.6% (comprising 112 properties) compared to the same period in the prior year due to increases in rental rates from re-leasing above average in-place rent and new leasing above comparable market rental rates, as well as the impact of 2023 recovery reconciliation adjustments. Including redeveloped properties, same-property NOI increased by \$1.4 million or 3.5%.
- Same-property NOI for the trailing twelve month period ended June 30, 2024 increased by \$0.6 million or 0.5% (comprising 97 properties) compared to the same period in the prior year. Including redeveloped properties, same-property NOI increased by \$2.3 million or 1.8%.
- FFO was \$17.5 million for the three month period ended June 30, 2024, which represents a \$1.0 million or \$0.02 per unit increase compared to the same period in the prior year due to increases in NOI and lower current income tax expense, partially offset by increases to cash interest, net and general and administrative expenses.
- AFFO was \$14.1 million for the three month period ended June 30, 2024, which represents a \$0.5 million or \$0.01 per unit increase compared to the same period in the prior year due to an increase in FFO, offset by the increase in cost of tenant improvements. For the three month period ended June 30, 2024, the AFFO pay-out ratio is 92.0%.

PART II - LEASING AND PROPERTY PORTFOLIO

LEASING

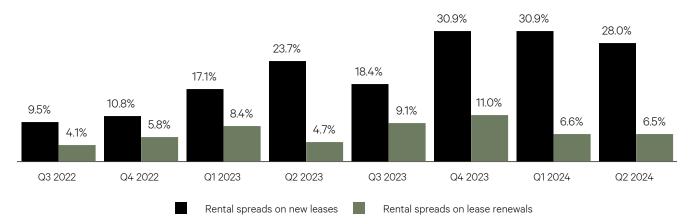
The REIT strives to ensure that its properties are well occupied with tenants who have space that allow them to meet their own business objectives. Accordingly, the REIT proactively monitors its tenant base with the objective to renew in advance of lease maturities, backfill tenant vacancies in instances where a tenant will not renew, or if there is an opportunity to place a stronger or more suitable tenant in the REIT's properties, management endeavors to find a suitable solution. Rental spreads consider the increase or decrease over expiring rents for renewals and comparable average in-place rents for new leases.

The following table summarizes	the REIT's lessing activit	y for the four most recent quarters:
The following table summarizes	the filler a leasing detivit	ly for the four most recent quarters.

Square feet	Deal type		Q2 2024	Q1 2024	Q4 2023	Q3 2023
Less than 10,000	Renewal	Leases signed	58	52	74	52
		Total square feet	123,107	153,664	171,454	144,178
		Average base rent	\$ 24.96	\$ 21.48	\$ 25.34	\$ 23.18
		Rental spread	10.8%	13.9%	14.4%	10.1%
Greater than 10,000	Renewal	Leases signed	9	11	10	16
		Total square feet	499,025	518,922	305,193	444,101
		Average base rent	\$ 8.97	\$ 8.19	\$ 10.18	\$ 9.63
		Rental spread	3.8%	1.5%	6.5%	8.3%
Total renewals (squa	re feet)		622,132	672,586	476,647	588,279
Less than 10,000	New lease	Leases signed	24	29	20	30
		Total square feet	62,179	88,198	54,337	70,742
		Average base rent	\$ 22.64	\$ 19.97	\$ 19.65	\$ 21.40
		Rental spread	26.6%	27.9%	45.7%	24.3%
Greater than 10,000	New lease	Leases signed	2	1	6	1
		Total square feet	22,500	10,000	106,455	32,400
		Average base rent	\$ 14.48	\$ 19.49	\$ 13.66	\$ 13.00
		Rental spread	34.6%	66.4%	21.9%	1.0%
Total new leases (squ	iare feet)		84,679	98,198	160,792	103,142
Total leasing activity	(square feet)	1	706,811	770,784	637,439	691,421

¹Includes the REIT's share of joint venture investments.

Leasing Spreads



During the second quarter, management completed 622,132 square feet of lease renewals and 84,679 square feet of new leasing. The weighted average rental rate increases on renewals completed for leases less than 10,000 square feet was \$2.43 per square foot or 10.8% higher than expiring rent. The weighted average rental rate increases on renewals completed for leases greater than 10,000 square feet was \$0.33 per square foot or 3.8% higher than expiring rent.

The weighted average base rent on all new leases completed less than 10,000 square feet was \$22.64, which was \$4.75 per square foot or 26.6% higher than average in-place rent. The weighted average base rent on all new leases completed greater than 10,000 square feet was \$14.48, which was \$3.72 per square foot or 34.6% higher than average in-place rents.

Lease maturities

The REIT generally enters into leases with initial terms to maturity between 5 and 10 years with our grocery-anchor tenants. The initial terms to maturity for non-anchor space tend to be of a shorter duration between 3 and 5 years. The weighted average remaining term to maturity of the REIT's grocery-anchor and non-grocery-anchor tenants as at June 30, 2024 was 5.4 years and 4.3 years, respectively, not including tenants on month-to-month leases. On a portfolio basis, the weighted average remaining term to maturity is 4.8 years.

The following table summarizes the composition of the remaining term to maturity of the REIT's leases at June 30, 2024:

	Weighted average term to maturity	GLA ¹	GLA %
Grocery-anchor	5.4	6,541,399	42.9%
Non-anchor	4.3	7,408,863	48.6%
Total	4.8	13,950,262	91.5%
Month-to-month		406,891	2.7%
Vacant		888,971	5.8%
Total GLA		15,246,124	100.0%

¹Includes the REIT's share of joint venture investments.

Occupancy is determined based on lease commencement. The following table shows the change in occupancy during the three month period ended June 30, 2024:

	Total GLA ¹	Occupied GLA ¹²	Occupancy
March 31, 2024	15,329,814	14,470,392	94.4%
Dispositions	(80,866)	(79,006)	—%
Leasing changes	-	(31,409)	(0.2%)
Re-measurements	(2,824)	(2,824)	—%
June 30, 2024	15,246,124	14,357,153	94.2%

¹Includes the REIT's share of joint venture investments.

²Leasing changes include new leases, lease buyouts, expirations, and terminations.

Occupancy has decreased by 0.2% to 94.2% from March 31, 2024, primarily due to 31,409 square feet of vacancies, net of new leasing. The majority of the decrease is driven by a temporary vacancy at Heritage Heights, of which management is currently exploring backfill opportunities.

The following table shows the change in occupancy during the six month period ended June 30, 2024:

	Total GLA ¹	Occupied GLA ¹²	Occupancy
December 31, 2023	15,316,529	14,500,389	94.7%
Dispositions	(80,866)	(79,006)	—%
Leasing changes	_	(74,691)	(0.5%)
Expansions	4,147	4,147	—%
Re-measurements	6,314	6,314	—%
June 30, 2024	15,246,124	14,357,153	94.2%

¹Includes the REIT's share of joint venture investments.

²Leasing changes include new leases, lease buyouts, expirations, and terminations.

Occupancy has decreased by 0.5% to 94.2% from December 31, 2023, primarily due to 74,691 square feet of vacancies, net of new leasing. The majority of the decrease is driven by redevelopment activities at East Little Creek and a temporary vacancy at Heritage Heights.

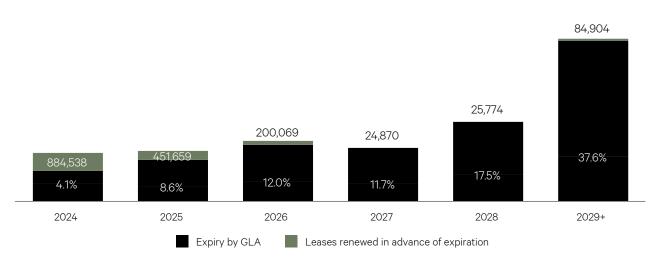
The following is a profile of the REIT's leases excluding the impact of tenant extension options:

	G	rocery-ancho	or		Non-anchor			Total			
GLA expiration	GLA	Percentage of portfolio	Average in- place rent	GLA	Percentage of portfolio	Average in- place rent	GLA	Percentage of portfolio	Average in- place rent		
Month-to-month	45,544	0.3%	\$ 12.54	361,347	2.4%	\$ 17.01	406,891	2.7%	\$ 16.51		
2024	319,390	2.1%	8.12	302,482	2.0%	17.85	621,872	4.1%	12.85		
2025	417,264	2.7%	8.94	896,840	5.9%	16.04	1,314,104	8.6%	13.78		
2026	819,843	5.4%	9.92	1,008,064	6.6%	16.16	1,827,907	12.0%	13.36		
2027	744,567	4.9%	8.87	1,040,525	6.8%	15.81	1,785,092	11.7%	12.91		
2028	1,288,912	8.5%	9.42	1,355,794	9.0%	15.32	2,644,706	17.5%	12.45		
2029+	2,951,423	19.3%	8.86	2,805,158	18.3%	15.00	5,756,581	37.6%	11.85		
Vacant	125,152	0.8%	N/A	763,819	5.0%	N/A	888,971	5.8%	N/A		
Total / weighted average ¹	6,712,095	44.0%	\$ 9.01	8,534,029	56.0%	\$ 15.57	15,246,124	100.0%	\$ 12.56		

¹Includes the REIT's share of joint venture investments.

The REIT endeavors to proactively renew upcoming expiries in advance of maturity to de-risk the portfolio, maintain high occupancy levels, ensure a proper mix of tenants at each property and provide certainty in cash flows. The following is a table of lease expiries at June 30, 2024 and preexisting future maturities that were leased during 2024:

Lease Expiries and Pre-existing Future Maturities



At June 30, 2024, remaining 2024 expiries represent 4.1% of the portfolio's occupied GLA, with 302,482 square feet related to non-anchor tenants. As of June 30, 2024, 884,538 square feet of leases maturing in 2024 have been renewed in advance of expiration.

Retention rates

The asset management team strives to maintain strong relationships with all tenants, especially the REIT's grocery-anchor tenants. In certain cases, management has not sought renewals with larger tenants, including in cases where a better user is available, or a redevelopment opportunity exists. Management believes that this success is a result of the strong relationships maintained with tenants and the REIT's underwriting which, in part, considers the relative strength of grocery-anchors in the respective market, recent capital investment by grocers and, where possible, the profitability of the store. Management expects a lower retention rate for our non-grocery-anchor tenants as a result of the dynamics and natural turnover of certain businesses over time which gives us opportunity to re-lease space, potentially at higher rates, and improve overall credit and tenant mix.

The following are the REIT's retention rates for both grocery-anchor and non-grocery-anchor tenants:

Retention rate ¹	Three months ended June 30, 2024	Six months ended June 30, 2024	Year ended December 31, 2023
Grocery-anchor	98.1%	98.6%	100.0%
Non-grocery-anchor	91.0%	90.9%	89.5%
Net total / weighted average ²	94.2%	94.3%	94.1%

¹Retention rate excludes instances where management has not sought a renewal, primarily related to redevelopment or property portfolio management opportunities. ²Includes the REIT's share of joint venture investments.

The following are the REIT's incremental change in base rent for the four most recent quarters:

		For the three months ende										
	Ju	June 30, 2024 March 31, 2			Decem	ber 31, 2023	September 30, 2023					
Renewals												
Square feet		622,132		672,586		476,647		588,279				
Expiring rent per square foot ¹	\$	11.39	\$	10.54	\$	14.09	\$	11.87				
Rent spread per square foot ¹		0.74		0.69		1.54		1.08				
Vacated												
Square feet ²		116,590		124,175		68,794		74,008				
Expiring rent per square foot ¹	\$	14.89	\$	14.92	\$	15.23	\$	13.99				
New												
Square feet		84,679		98,198		160,792		103,142				
New rent per square foot ¹	\$	20.47	\$	19.92	\$	15.68	\$	18.76				
Total base rent retained ³	\$	5,352	\$	5,234	\$	5,667	\$	5,948				
Incremental base rent ³	\$	2,196	\$	2,422	\$	3,258	\$	2,570				

¹Calculated on a weighted average basis.

² Adjusted for lease buyouts and vacancies due to redevelopment.

³ Includes the REIT's share of joint venture investments.

In-place and market rents

The REIT's leasing activity during the three month period ended June 30, 2024 is as follows:

	GLA	Number of tenants	ed average piring rent	Weigh	ited average new rent
Renewed leases	622,132	67	\$ 11.39	\$	12.14
New leases	84,679	26	N/A		20.47
Total / weighted average	706,811	93	\$ 11.39	\$	13.14
Less, leases not renewed / vacated during term ¹	(116,590)	(27)	14.89		N/A
Net total / weighted average ²	590,221	66	N/A	\$	13.14

¹ Adjusted for lease buyouts and vacancies due to redevelopment.

² Includes the REIT's share of joint venture investments.

The REIT's leasing activity during the six month period ended June 30, 2024 is as follows:

	GLA	Number of tenants	ed average xpiring rent	Weigł	nted average new rent
Renewed leases	1,294,718	130	\$ 10.95	\$	11.66
New leases	182,877	56	N/A		20.18
Total / weighted average	1,477,595	186	\$ 10.95	\$	12.71
Less, leases not renewed / vacated during term ¹	(240,765)	(52)	14.90		N/A
Net total / weighted average ²	1,236,830	134	 N/A	\$	12.71

¹Adjusted for lease buyouts and vacancies due to redevelopment.

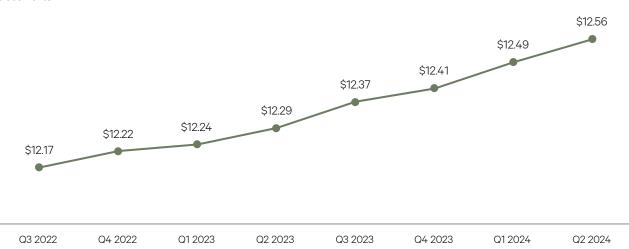
² Includes the REIT's share of joint venture investments.

Net rental rates

The following table is a summary of in-place rent for the eight most recent financial quarters of the REIT:

Grocery rent	\$ Q2 2024 9.01	\$ Q1 2024 9.03	\$ Q4 2023 9.06	\$ Q3 2023 9.05	\$ Q2 2023 9.04 \$	Q1 2023 9.05	\$ Q4 2022 9.04 \$	Q3 2022 8.99
Shop space rent	15.57	15.42	15.30	15.26	15.14	15.02	15.03	14.91
Total ¹	\$ 12.56	\$ 12.49	\$ 12.41	\$ 12.37	\$ 12.29 \$	12.24	\$ 12.22 \$	12.17

In-place Rents



The REIT leases to high-quality tenants in well located centres typically below the average market rent for U.S. strip centres, allowing for increased value in the portfolio through rental rate growth.

DISPOSITION

The REIT disposed of one property during the six month period ended June 30, 2024 as follows:

Property	Disposition date	Location	Anchor tenant	Sales Price
Stonefield Square	June 27, 2024	Louisville, Kentucky	Crunch Fitness	\$ 12,750

The REIT did not dispose of any properties during the six month period ended June 30, 2023.

There are no fees incurred by the REIT to the Manager in relation to the disposition of properties or outparcels.

PROPERTY PROFILE

Professional management

Through professional management of the portfolio, the REIT intends to ensure its properties portray an image that will continue to attract consumers as well as provide preferred locations for its tenants. Well-managed properties enhance the shopping experience and ensure customers continue to visit the centres. Professional management of the portfolio has enabled the REIT to maintain a high occupancy level, currently 94.2% at June 30, 2024.

Occupancy has decreased by 0.2% to 94.2% from March 31, 2024, primarily due to 31,409 square feet of vacancies, net of new leasing, as discussed above.

The following table shows the occupancy rate of the REIT's portfolio:

		20	020		20)21			20)22			20	023		20	24
		Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q
Propert	ies ¹	76	75	80	80	107	107	107	108	121	117	117	117	117	117	117	116
Occupa	ncy ¹	92.5%	92.9%	93.1%	93.2%	93.5%	93.6%	93.2%	93.4%	93.1%	93.2%	93.7%	93.9%	94.1%	94.7%	94.4%	94.2%
Includes t	the REIT's :	share of jo	int venture	e investme	ents.												
Historica	al Occup	ancy Rat	es														
93%	93%	93%	93%	94%	94	-% g)3%	93%	93%	93%	94%	945	% 94	4%	95%	94%	94%
									121	117	117	117	7 1 [.]	17	117	117	116
				107	10)7 1	07	108		-	•	•		•	•	•	•
76	75	80	80		(•										
•			€'														
Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q	4 (Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	2 G)3	Q4	Q1	Q2
2020	2020	2021	2021	2021	1 20	21 20	022 2	2022	2022	2022	2023	202	3 20	23 2	023	2024	2024
							Occup	ancy		Propertie	es						

Geographic overview

The REIT's portfolio is geographically diversified. As of June 30, 2024, the REIT's 116 properties were located in 23 states with a presence in 50 MSAs. The REIT has 70 properties, or 60.3% of the total portfolio, located in the U.S. sunbelt region. Markets within this region benefit from strong underlying demographic trends, above average employment, and population growth. This provides the REIT opportunities to progressively drive operational efficiencies and sustainable growth.

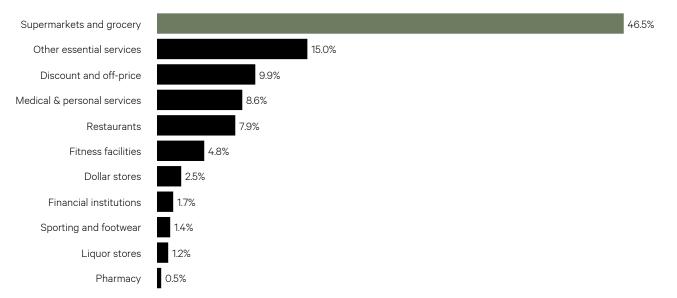
The following is a summary of the geographic location and relative dispersion of the REIT's property portfolio:

State	Number of assets	Total SF	Occupied SF	Percentage of revenue	Occupancy
Florida	19	2,470,546	2,373,451	18.7%	96.1%
North Carolina	16	1,917,938	1,815,582	12.6%	94.7%
New York	12	1,703,475	1,500,904	11.6%	88.1%
Georgia	9	1,136,031	1,100,586	7.3%	96.9%
Pennsylvania	6	1,024,017	971,872	5.8%	94.9%
Texas	9	832,142	750,017	5.4%	90.1%
South Carolina	5	845,283	827,411	5.2%	97.9%
Virginia	6	719,888	621,082	4.6%	86.3%
Minnesota	5	573,158	544,719	3.5%	95.0%
Michigan	4	510,892	493,771	3.0%	96.6%
Ohio	3	556,930	547,462	2.6%	98.3%
Illinois	4	409,002	374,204	2.5%	91.5%
Massachusetts	1	273,532	268,032	2.5%	98.0%
Tennessee	5	526,641	521,721	2.4%	99.1%
North Dakota	2	261,578	227,122	2.0%	86.8%
West Virginia	2	389,904	388,025	2.0%	99.5%
Colorado	1	151,548	150,060	1.5%	99.0%
Indiana	2	233,951	219,422	1.5%	93.8%
California	1	194,873	185,257	1.5%	95.1%
Maryland	1	112,314	100,984	1.0%	89.9%
New Hampshire	1	151,946	141,640	1.0%	93.2%
Utah	1	127,507	110,801	0.9%	86.9%
Wisconsin	1	123,028	123,028	0.9%	100.0%
Total ¹	116	15,246,124	14,357,153	100.0%	94.2%

¹Includes the REIT's share of joint venture investments.

Tenant categories

As of June 30, 2024, the REIT has the following tenant categories within the portfolio, allocated by GLA:



The REIT's portfolio of tenants is a diversified mix of leading grocers, national brands and strong regional performers complemented by local operators providing needed services and goods to their local communities. These tenants are typically non-discretionary goods and services that drive foot traffic at the REIT's centres. The REIT's properties, which are located in well-established neighborhoods, facilitate efficient last mile delivery.

Anchor tenants

The REIT endeavors to own properties with anchors who are dominant in their respective regions in terms of operational scale and sales. Accordingly, the REIT's anchor tenants are often either the first or second dominant store in their respective area in terms of market share. The following table identifies the REIT's largest anchor tenants including their annual minimum rent, the number of stores, GLA as a percentage of the total portfolio and the percentage of base rent. The Kroger Co. represents the REIT's largest tenant by base rent with a total of 24 stores and 6.0% of base rent.

The largest 15 tenants account for 44.8% of total GLA and 34.4% of base rent as follows:

Parent company	Store brands	Grocery	Stores	% GLA	Base rent	% Base rent
The Kroger Co.	Kroger, Pick 'n Save, Harris Teeter, Mariano's	Y	24	9.2%	\$ 10,800	6.0 %
Walmart, Inc.	Wal-Mart, Sams Club	Y	10	9.0%	9,234	5.1 %
Ahold Delhaize	Stop & Shop, GIANT, Food Lion, Hannaford	Y	12	3.9%	7,815	4.3 %
Publix Super Markets, Inc.	Publix	Y	13	3.9%	5,307	2.9 %
Albertsons	Jewel Osco, Acme, Tom Thumb, Safeway	Y	9	3.6%	4,681	2.6 %
Tops Friendly Markets	Tops Markets	Y	8	3.0%	4,386	2.4 %
Dollar Tree, Inc.	Dollar Tree, Family Dollar	Ν	24	1.5%	2,622	1.4 %
Beall's, Inc.	Beall's, Burke's	Ν	8	1.9%	2,475	1.4 %
Ross Stores, Inc.	Ross Dress for Less, dd's Discounts	Ν	8	1.5%	2,408	1.3 %
Southeastern Grocers	Winn Dixie	Y	5	1.6%	2,319	1.3 %
United Natural Foods, Inc.	Cub Foods, Shop n' Save, County Market	Y	4	1.4%	2,171	1.2 %
Coborn's, Inc.	Cash Wise	Y	2	0.8%	2,098	1.2 %
Planet Fitness	Planet Fitness	Ν	10	1.2%	2,206	1.2 %
TJX Companies	Marshalls, T.J. Maxx, HomeGoods	Ν	8	1.4%	2,145	1.2 %
Alex Lee Inc.	Lowe's Foods	Y	3	0.9%	1,684	0.9 %
Total ¹			148	44.8%	\$ 62,351	34.4%

¹Includes the REIT's share of joint venture investments.

Development

The REIT's redevelopment program is focused on growing income and unlocking value by revitalizing tenant uses and creating a better customer experience at select properties. Redevelopment is generally considered to begin when activities that change the condition of the property commence. Redevelopment ceases when the asset is in the condition and has the capability of operating in the manner intended, which is generally at cessation of construction and tenanting. For purposes of reporting same-property NOI, redevelopment assets are excluded from the same-property portfolio in the period in which they are re-classified as a redevelopment property and are excluded until they are operating as intended in all of both the current and comparative periods. The carrying value of redevelopment properties includes the acquisition cost of property and direct redevelopment costs attributed to the project. The REIT does not capitalize interest for its projects under development. Interest expense is recognized as incurred in income which is not comparable to other REITs or other corporations that capitalize interest.

The REIT has classified the following property as redevelopment:

East Little Creek is a 66,000 square foot single tenant shopping center, which was previously occupied by Kroger. The property is ideally located at the intersection of East Little Creek Rd. and I-64 in Norfolk, Virginia, situated at the entrance of the Norfolk Naval Base. Within this immediate trade area, there is also ongoing synergetic development activity being undertaken that is drawing considerable foot traffic and demand for retail space. The REIT is currently undergoing activities to reposition the site, which will include demolition of the existing box and redevelopment of anchor and in-line units. The REIT is currently in discussions with various multi-national and national retail users for this purpose.

IFRS FAIR VALUE

The REIT's property portfolio at June 30, 2024 had an estimated IFRS fair value of \$2.0 billion, with a weighted average capitalization rate of 7.2% and on a proportionate basis, the fair value is \$2.4 billion. Overall, the average estimated proportionate value of the REIT's portfolio is \$155 per square foot.

The following table presents a summary of the valuation assumptions used to estimate the fair value of all the REIT's properties as follows:

	June 30, 2024	December 31, 2023
Capitalization rate range ¹	5.9% - 9.0%	6.0% - 9.2%
Weighted average capitalization rate ¹	7.2%	7.2%

¹Includes the REIT's share of joint venture investments.

The June 30, 2024 weighted average capitalization rate remained unchanged at 7.2% from December 31, 2023. Changes in the weighted average capitalization rate at the property level were driven primarily by overall market conditions during the period, partially offset by value-add asset management activities, which includes anchor tenant renewals and repositionings, tenant credit enhancement through strategic leasing, capital investments and improvements.

The fair value of properties is measured individually without consideration to their aggregate value on a portfolio basis. No consideration is given to diversification benefits related to single property tenant risk and geography, the value of assembling a portfolio or to the utilization of a common management platform, amongst other benefits. As a result, the fair value of the REIT's properties taken in aggregate may differ from the fair value of properties measured individually in the REIT's consolidated statements of financial position.

The change in properties is as follows:

	Three mon	nded June 30,	Six months ended June 30,				
	2024		2023		2024		2023
Beginning of the period	\$ 2,061,799	\$	2,053,621	\$	2,062,599	\$	2,087,432
Acquisitions	_		201		_		201
Capital expenditures	1,407		1,518		2,143		2,600
Leasing costs	611		688		1,419		1,372
Tenant improvements	1,405		496		2,963		1,303
Development and expansion capital	1,896		144		5,343		2,069
Straight-line rent	30		156		144		274
Disposition	(12,327)		_		(12,327)		_
IFRIC 21 property tax adjustment	6,696		6,655		(14,449)		(13,892)
Change in fair value of properties ¹	(11,706)		(10,413)		1,976		(28,293)
End of the period	\$ 2,049,811	\$	2,053,066	\$	2,049,811	\$	2,053,066
Joint venture investment properties	308,800		313,300		308,800		313,300
End of the period, including joint venture investments	\$ 2,358,611	\$	2,366,366	\$	2,358,611	\$	2,366,366

¹Change in fair value includes impacts due to valuation parameters, cash flows and accounting adjustments for IFRIC 21 property tax and straight-line rent.

The following table presents the estimated change to the fair value of the REIT's properties when there is an increase or decrease to the capitalization rates as at June 30, 2024:

(Decrease) Increase in capitalization rate	Change in fair of proper	value rties ¹
(1.00%)	\$ 392	2,700
(0.75%)	282	2,944
(0.50%)	181	1,498
(0.25%)	87	7,444
0.25%	(8)	81,513)
0.50%	(157	7,682)
0.75%	(229	9,018)
1.00%	(295	5,969)

¹Includes the REIT's share of joint venture investments.

The following table presents the estimated change to the fair value of the REIT's properties when there is an increase or decrease to the REIT's stabilized net operating income as at June 30, 2024:

(Decrease) Increase in stabilized net operating income	Chan	ige in fair value of properties ¹
\$(100)	\$	(1,386)
\$100		1,386

¹Includes the REIT's share of joint venture investments.

The following table is a reconciliation of the fair value of the REIT's properties using a non-IFRS measure. The non-IFRS measure includes figures that are recorded as an equity investment, information that is not explicitly disclosed or presented in the consolidated financial statements for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2024.

	Three	e months endeo	d June 30, 2024	Three months ended June 30, 2023					
	Consolidated	Joint venture investments	Proportionate Share (Non-IFRS)	Consolidated	Joint venture investments	Proportionate Share (Non-IFRS)			
Beginning of the period	\$ 2,061,799	\$ 307,900	\$ 2,369,699	\$ 2,053,621	\$ 312,300	\$ 2,365,921			
Acquisitions	_	_	_	201	_	201			
Capital expenditures	1,407	330	1,737	1,518	445	1,963			
Leasing costs	611	159	770	688	397	1,085			
Tenant improvements	1,405	364	1,769	496	26	522			
Development and expansion capital	1,896	1,316	3,212	144	8	152			
Straight-line rent	30	(160)	(130)	156	(147)	9			
Disposition	(12,327)	_	(12,327)	_	_	_			
IFRIC 21 property tax adjustment	6,696	1,412	8,108	6,655	1,359	8,014			
Change in fair value of properties ¹	(11,706)	(2,521)	(14,227)	(10,413)	(1,088)	(11,501)			
End of the period	\$2,049,811	\$ 308,800	\$ 2,358,611	\$ 2,053,066	\$ 313,300	\$ 2,366,366			

¹Change in fair value includes impacts due to valuation parameters, cash flows and accounting adjustments for IFRIC 21 property tax and straight-line rent.

	Si	x months ende	d June 30, 2024	24 Six months ended June 30, 202			
	Consolidated	Joint venture investments	Proportionate Share (Non-IFRS)	Consolidated	Joint venture investments	Proportionate Share (Non-IFRS)	
Beginning of the period	\$ 2,062,599	\$ 307,300	\$ 2,369,899	\$ 2,087,432	\$ 313,600	\$ 2,401,032	
Acquisitions	-	_	-	201	_	201	
Capital expenditures	2,143	389	2,532	2,600	518	3,118	
Leasing costs	1,419	359	1,778	1,372	582	1,954	
Tenant improvements	2,963	766	3,729	1,303	203	1,506	
Development and expansion capital	5,343	1,671	7,014	2,069	53	2,122	
Straight-line rent	144	(170)	(26)	274	(119)	155	
Disposition	(12,327)	_	(12,327)	_	_	_	
IFRIC 21 property tax adjustment	(14,449)	(2,498)	(16,947)	(13,892)	(2,510)	(16,402)	
Change in fair value of properties ¹	1,976	983	2,959	(28,293)	973	(27,320)	
End of the period	\$2,049,811	\$ 308,800	\$ 2,358,611	\$ 2,053,066	\$ 313,300	\$ 2,366,366	

¹Change in fair value includes impacts due to valuation parameters, cash flows and accounting adjustments for IFRIC 21 property tax and straight-line rent.

Including the impact of the REIT's joint venture arrangements, capital, leasing, and tenant improvement costs for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2024 were \$4.3 million and \$8.0 million, respectively. Such costs are generally expended for purposes of tenanting and renewing existing leases, which maintain and create value at the REIT's properties and the portfolio as a whole by increasing contractual cash flow through new and extended leases. The REIT will continue to capitalize on opportunities to revitalize, undertake space improvements and generally maintain the high quality of the properties and tenants. These expenditures can vary from period to period, at times significantly, depending upon the timing of lease expires, re-leasing and management's capital plan for the period.

Fair value adjustments on properties

For the three month period ended June 30, 2024, the change in fair value of properties decreased by \$1.3 million primarily due to changes in valuation parameters and cash flows and IFRIC 21 adjustments, partially offset by a lower straight-line rent adjustment. For the six month period ended June 30, 2024, the change in fair value of properties increased by \$30.3 million, mainly due to changes in valuation parameters and cash flows, as well as IFRIC 21 adjustments.

The following table presents the impact of certain accounting adjustments on the fair value adjustments recorded versus management's estimate of future cash flows and valuation assumptions:

	 Three mo	nths e	nded June 30,	Six months ended June 30,			
	2024		2023		2024		2023
Valuation parameters and cash flows	\$ (4,980)	\$	(3,401)	\$	(12,329)	\$	(41,710)
Transaction costs capitalized	_		(201)		_		(201)
IFRIC 21 property tax adjustment	(6,696)		(6,655)		14,449		13,892
Adjusted for straight-line rent	(30)		(156)		(144)		(274)
Total	\$ (11,706)	\$	(10,413)	\$	1,976	\$	(28,293)

The fair value change of properties is impacted by IFRIC 21 property tax adjustments recorded on the REIT's portfolio. For acquisition purposes the REIT determines the obligating event for property taxes is ownership of the property on the first of January of the fiscal year. As a result, the annual property tax liability and expense has been recognized on the properties owned on the first of January of each year, with a corresponding increase to the fair value of properties that is reversed as the liability is settled through property tax installments.

The change in fair value of properties recorded in income excludes the impact of tenanting and leasing costs, landlord work, and development and expansion capital, not all of which are additive to value but are directly capitalized to the property.

PART III - RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

SUMMARY OF SELECTED QUARTERLY INFORMATION

The selected quarterly information highlights performance over the most recently completed eight quarters and is reflective of the timing of acquisitions, leasing, and maintenance expenditures. Similarly, debt reflects financing activities related to acquisitions which serve to increase AFFO in the future, as well as ongoing financing activities for the existing portfolio. Accordingly, rental revenue, NOI, NAV, FFO and AFFO are reflective of changes in the underlying income-producing asset base and changing leverage.

Quarter ended	Q2 2024	Q1 2024	Q4 2023	Q3 2023	Q2 2023	Q1 2023	Q4 2022	Q3 2022
Rental revenue	\$ 51,818	\$ 51,915	\$ 51,539	\$ 50,629	\$ 50,324	\$ 50,789	\$ 50,655	\$ 48,404
Property operating expenses ¹	(9,134)	(37,600)	(9,209)	(8,830)	(8,835)	(36,917)	(7,352)	(7,675)
Straight-line rent revenue	(30)	(114)	(95)	(391)	(156)	(118)	(175)	(254)
IFRIC 21 property tax adjustment ¹	(6,696)	21,145	(7,360)	(6,532)	(6,655)	20,547	(7,278)	(6,333)
Adjustments for joint venture investments	5,484	5,226	5,264	5,306	5,635	5,537	4,749	5,313
NOI ²³	\$ 41,442	\$ 40,572	\$ 40,139	\$ 40,182	\$ 40,313	\$ 39,838	\$ 40,599	\$ 39,455
Class U equivalent units outstanding ⁴	60,339	60,318	60,301	60,276	60,631	61,240	61,473	61,465
WA units	60,327	60,307	60,285	60,473	60,897	61,460	61,468	61,460
Net income (loss) ³	\$ 14,003	\$ 13,612	\$ 5,177	\$ 12,370	\$ 18,948	\$ (14,831)	\$ 18,506	\$ 33,553
Net income (loss) per WA unit 3	\$ 0.23	\$ 0.23	\$ 0.09	\$ 0.20	\$ 0.31	\$ (0.24)	\$ 0.30	\$ 0.55
NAV ²³	\$843,684	\$ 845,180	\$842,363	\$ 859,137	\$863,443	\$863,235	\$900,700	\$ 894,871
NAV per unit ²³	\$ 13.98	\$ 14.01	\$ 13.97	\$ 14.25	\$ 14.24	\$ 14.10	\$ 14.65	\$ 14.56
Distributions declared	\$ 12,968	\$ 12,968	\$ 12,968	\$ 13,006	\$ 13,095	\$ 13,218	\$ 13,236	\$ 13,236
Distributions per unit	\$ 0.22	\$ 0.22	\$ 0.22	\$ 0.22	\$ 0.22	\$ 0.22	\$ 0.22	\$ 0.22
FFO ²³	\$ 17,472	\$ 16,198	\$ 15,991	\$ 16,329	\$ 16,513	\$ 15,955	\$ 16,799	\$ 17,696
FFO per WA units ²³	\$ 0.29	\$ 0.27	\$ 0.27	\$ 0.27	\$ 0.27	\$ 0.26	\$ 0.27	\$ 0.29
AFFO ²³	\$ 14,095	\$ 13,045	\$ 13,029	\$ 13,061	\$ 13,603	\$ 13,397	\$ 13,789	\$ 14,596
AFFO per WA units ²³	\$ 0.23	\$ 0.22	\$ 0.22	\$ 0.22	\$ 0.22	\$ 0.22	\$ 0.22	\$ 0.24
Total assets (IFRS)	\$2,228,532	\$2,241,191	\$2,235,798	\$2,244,401	\$2,239,128	\$2,231,131	\$2,270,400	\$2,321,246
Debt	\$1,155,591	\$1,165,036	\$1,161,756	\$1,144,742	\$1,141,434	\$1,134,561	\$1,131,487	\$1,175,041
Debt / GBV	51.9%	52.0%	52.0%	51.0%	51.0%	50.9%	49.8%	50.6%
Number of properties ³	116	117	117	117	117	117	117	121
Leased (%) ³	94.2%	94.4%	94.7%	94.1%	93.9%	93.7%	93.2%	93.1%
GLA ³	15,246,124	15,329,814	15,316,529	15,316,802	15,312,744	15,284,170	15,284,265	15,632,405
Grocery-anchored GLA ³	6,586,943	6,645,958	6,712,077	6,712,077	6,712,077	6,679,309	6,679,309	6,725,836

¹ In accordance with IFRIC 21, the REIT recognizes the annual property tax liability and expense on its existing properties on January 1st, rather than progressively, i.e. ratably, throughout the year.

²Refer to non-IFRS financial measures on page 15.

³ Includes the REIT's share of joint venture investments.

⁴ Represents the total number of class U units outstanding, if all other units of the REIT, its subsidiaries, and its deferred unit plan, were converted or exchanged, as applicable, for class U units of the REIT.

NON-IFRS RECONCILIATIONS AND FINANCIAL MEASURES

The following table provides a reconciliation of the REIT's statement of financial position, as presented in its consolidated financial statements for its proportionate interest in joint venture arrangements which are equity accounted:

			June 30, 2024		Dec	cember 31, 2023
	Statement of Financial Position	Joint Venture Investments	Proportionate Share (Non-IFRS)	Statement of Financial Position	Joint Venture Investments	Proportionate Share (Non-IFRS)
ASSETS						
Non-current assets						
Properties	\$ 2,049,811	\$ 308,800	\$ 2,358,611	\$2,062,599	\$ 307,300	\$2,369,899
Joint venture investments	111,063	(111,063)	-	107,101	(107,101)	_
Interest rate swaps	14,261	531	14,792	7,652	580	8,232
Other assets	556		556	718	4,268	4,986
	\$ 2,175,691	\$ 198,268	\$2,373,959	\$2,178,070	\$ 205,047	\$ 2,383,117
Current assets						
Cash	21,491	5,752	27,243	23,587	4,420	28,007
Accounts receivable	22,211	1,525	23,736	22,172	1,813	23,985
Other assets	7,083	5,125	12,208	6,985	_	6,985
Prepaids	2,056	703	2,759	4,984	1,049	6,033
	\$ 52,841	\$ 13,105	\$ 65,946	\$ 57,728	\$ 7,282	\$ 65,010
Total assets	\$2,228,532	\$ 211,373	\$2,439,905	\$2,235,798	\$ 212,329	\$2,448,127
LIABILITIES Non-current liabilities						
Debt	\$ 593,801	\$ 203,510	\$ 797,311	\$ 859.637	\$ 205,831	\$1,065,468
Deferred income taxes	150,776	2	150,778	146,651	2	146,653
Other liabilities	3,805	128	3,933	4,346	482	4,828
	\$ 748,382	\$ 203,640	\$ 952,022	\$1,010,634	\$ 206,315	\$1,216,949
Current liabilities	• •,••	• • • • • •	,.	• ,,	• • • • • •	• • • • •
Debt	561,790	2,086	563,876	302,119	1,466	303,585
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	40,624	5,647	46,271	43,217	4,548	47,765
Exchangeable units of subsidiaries	7,264	_	7,264	8,269	_	8,269
Distributions payable	4,323	_	4,323	4,323	_	4,323
	\$ 614,001	\$ 7,733	\$ 621,734	\$ 357,928	\$ 6,014	\$ 363,942
Total liabilities	\$1,362,383	\$ 211,373	\$1,573,756	\$1,368,562	\$ 212,329	\$1,580,891
EQUITY						
Unitholders' equity	\$ 685,644	\$ —	\$ 685,644	\$ 687,443	\$ —	\$ 687,443
Non-controlling interest	180,505	_	180,505	179,793		179,793
Total equity	\$ 866,149	\$ —	\$ 866,149	\$ 867,236	\$ —	\$ 867,236
Total liabilities and equity	\$2,228,532	\$ 211,373	\$2,439,905	\$2,235,798	\$ 212,329	\$2,448,127

The following table provides a reconciliation of the REIT's statement of income, as presented in its consolidated financial statements for its proportionate interest in joint venture arrangements which are equity accounted for the three month periods ended June 30, 2024 and 2023:

	Thre	e months	s ended	June	30, 2024		Thre	e mont	hs ended	l June	30, 2023
	Statement of Income	Joint Ve Investr		•	ortionate Share on-IFRS)	State	ement of Income	Joint Venture Investments		•	ortionate Share on-IFRS)
Rental revenue	\$ 51,818	\$	8,369	\$	60,187	\$	50,324	\$	8,446	\$	58,770
Property operating expenses	(9,134)		(1,631)		(10,765)		(8,835)		(1,598)		(10,433)
General and administrative expenses	(3,949)		(211)		(4,160)		(3,785)		(279)		(4,064)
Interest and finance costs	(13,996)		(1,913)		(15,909)		(12,543)		(1,923)		(14,466)
Share of income in joint venture investments	2,012	((2,012)		_		3,790		(3,790)		_
Disposition costs	(290)		_		(290)		_		_		_
Change in fair value of financial instruments	272		(81)		191		1,512		231		1,743
Change in fair value of properties	(11,706)	((2,521)		(14,227)		(10,413)		(1,087)		(11,500)
Net income before income taxes and unit income	\$ 15,027	\$	_	\$	15,027	\$	20,050	\$	_	\$	20,050
Deferred income expense	(1,570)		—		(1,570)		(497)		—		(497)
Current income tax recovery (expense)	221		—		221		(737)		—		(737)
Unit income	325		—		325		132		_		132
Net income	\$ 14,003	\$	_	\$	14,003	\$	18,948	\$	_	\$	18,948
Net income attributable to											
Unitholders	\$ 10,776	\$	_	\$	10,776	\$	14,622	\$	—	\$	14,622
Non-controlling interest	3,227		_		3,227		4,326		_		4,326
Net Income	\$ 14,003	\$	_	\$	14,003	\$	18,948	\$	_	\$	18,948

The following table provides a reconciliation of the REIT's statement of income, as presented in its consolidated financial statements for its proportionate interest in joint venture arrangements which are equity accounted for the six month period ended June 30, 2024 and 2023:

	S	ix montł	ns ended	June 3	80, 2024	4 Six months ended June 30, 202						
	Statement of Income		/enture stments	•	rtionate Share on-IFRS)	Statement of Joint Venture Income Investments						
Rental revenue	\$ 103,733	\$	16,590	\$	120,323	\$	101,113	\$	16,858	\$	117,971	
Property operating expenses	(46,734)		(8,548)		(55,282)		(45,752)		(8,315)		(54,067)	
General and administrative expenses	(7,894)		(437)		(8,331)		(7,632)		(471)		(8,103)	
Interest and finance costs	(28,013)		(3,833)		(31,846)		(25,780)		(3,827)		(29,607)	
Share of income in joint venture investments	4,707		(4,707)		_		5,249		(5,249)		_	
Disposition costs	(290)		_		(290)		_		_		_	
Change in fair value of financial instruments	2,458		(49)		2,409		1,512		32		1,544	
Change in fair value of properties	1,976		984		2,960		(28,293)		972		(27,321)	
Net income before income taxes and unit income	\$ 29,943	\$	_	\$:	29,943	\$	417	\$	_	\$	417	
Deferred income tax (expense) recovery	(3,161)		—		(3,161)		4,127		—		4,127	
Current income tax expense	(104)		—		(104)		(1,461)		—		(1,461)	
Unit income	937		_		937		1,034		_		1,034	
Net income	\$ 27,615	\$	—	\$	27,615	\$	4,117	\$	_	\$	4,117	
Net income attributable to												
Unitholders	\$ 21,634	\$	_	\$	21,634	\$	2,522	\$	_	\$	2,522	
Non-controlling interest	5,981		_		5,981		1,595		_		1,595	
Net Income	\$ 27,615	\$	_	\$	27,615	\$	4,117	\$	_	\$	4,117	

REVENUE

Revenue from properties include base rent from tenants, straight-line rental income, property tax and operating cost recoveries and other incidental income.

Rental revenue for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2024 increased by \$1.5 million and \$2.6 million, respectively, compared to the same period in the prior year primarily as a result of new leasing above in-place rent, increases in rental rates from re-leasing, as well as revenue generated from completed redevelopment projects, partially offset by temporary vacancies, inclusive of a property moved into development.

PROPERTY OPERATING EXPENSES

Property operating expenses consist of property taxes, property management fees and general and administrative expenses including common area costs, utilities, and insurance. The majority of the REIT's operating expenses are recoverable from tenants in accordance with the terms of their respective lease agreements. Operating expenses fluctuate with changes in occupancy and levels of repairs and maintenance.

Property operating expenses for the three month period ended June 30, 2024 increased by \$0.3 million compared to the same period in the prior year primarily as a result of increases in repairs and maintenance expenditures required in the current period, partially offset by decreases in property tax expenses. For the six month period ended June 30, 2024 increased by \$1.0 million compared to the same period in the prior year primarily as a result of increases in repairs and maintenance expenditures.

In accordance with IFRIC 21, the REIT recognizes the annual property tax liability and expense on its existing properties as at January 1st of each year, rather than progressively, i.e., ratably, throughout the year. The recognition of property taxes as a result of IFRIC 21 has no impact on NOI, FFO or AFFO.

FAIR VALUE ADJUSTMENTS ON REIT UNITS AND EXCHANGEABLE UNITS OF SUBSIDIARIES

Class B units of Slate Grocery One L.P. ("LP1") and Slate Grocery Two L.P. ("LP2") and exchangeable limited partnership units of GAR (1B) Limited Partnership ("GAR B"), all of which are issued by subsidiaries of the REIT (collectively, the "exchangeable units of subsidiaries"), are classified as financial liabilities under IFRS and are measured at fair value with any changes in fair value recognized in unit income (expense) in the consolidated statements of income (loss). The fair value is re-measured at the end of each reporting period. An unrealized gain represents a decrease in the fair value per unit whereas an unrealized loss represents an increase in the fair value per unit. The fair value per unit on June 30, 2024 was \$8.00 (December 31, 2023 – \$9.11). Changes in fair value of exchangeable units of subsidiaries are non-cash in nature and are required to be recorded in income under IFRS.

For the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2024, the REIT recognized an unrealized fair value gain of \$0.4 million and \$1.0 million, respectively, on the exchangeable units of subsidiaries as a result of the change in fair value per unit over the comparative period.

GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

General and administrative expenses include fees for asset management, legal, trustee services, tax compliance, reporting, marketing, bad debt expenses, and franchise and business taxes. Franchise and business taxes are typically billed in the following calendar year to which they relate.

	Three months ended June 30,								Six months ended June 30,			
	2024		2023		Variance		2024		2023		Variance	
Asset management fees	\$ 2,255	\$	1,975	\$	280	\$	4,534	\$	4,367	\$	167	
Professional fees and other	1,354		1,412		(58)		2,670		2,454		216	
Bad debt expense	270		251		19		515		430		85	
Franchise and business taxes	70		147		(77)		175		381		(206)	
Total	\$ 3,949	\$	3,785	\$	164	\$	7,894	\$	7,632	\$	262	
% of total assets	0.2%		0.2%		—%		0.4%		0.3%		0.1%	
% of total revenue	7.6%		7.5%		0.1%		7.6%		7.5%		0.1%	

General and administrative expenses for the three month period ended June 30, 2024 increased by \$164 thousand primarily as a result of increases to asset management fees, partially offset by decreases in franchise and business taxes.

For the six month period ended June 30, 2024, general and administrative expenses increased by \$262 thousand compared to the same period in the prior year. The increase is attributed to an increase in professional fees, and asset management fees, partially offset by decreases in franchise and business taxes.

INTEREST AND FINANCE COSTS

		Three	e months er	nded	June 30,		Six months ended June 30,			
	2024		2023		Variance	2024		2023	١	Variance
Interest on debt and finance charges	\$ 17,119	\$	15,935	\$	1,184	\$ 34,261	\$	31,436	\$	2,825
Interest rate swaps, net settlement	(3,537)		(3,861)		324	(7,094)		(6,724)		(370)
Interest income	_		(6)		6	(103)		(15)		(88)
Amortization of finance charges and MTM premium	628		498		130	1,377		1,128		249
Amortization of gain on financial instrument	(192)		—		(192)	(384)		—		(384)
Amortization of deferred gain on TIF notes	(22)		(23)		1	(44)		(45)		1
Total	\$ 13,996	\$	12,543	\$	1,453	\$ 28,013	\$	25,780	\$	2,233

The following shows the change in interest on debt and finance charges, net of interest rate swaps for the three month period ended June 30, 2024 compared to the same period in the prior year:

Interest on debt and finance charges, net of interest rate swaps, June 30, 2023	\$ 12,074
Change in debt levels, and interest rates, net of interest rate hedges ¹	1,595
Increase in fixed rate debt	(92)
Decrease in standby fee	5
Interest on debt and finance charges, net of interest rate swaps, June 30, 2024	\$ 13,582
Year-over-year change – \$	\$ 1,508
Year-over-year change – %	12.5%

¹The weighted average interest rate cost of the REIT's floating rate debt, net of interest rate swaps for the three month period ended June 30, 2024 is 4.5% (June 30, 2023 – 4.1%).

Interest expense and other finance costs, net consists of interest paid on the revolving credit facility ("revolver"), term loans, mortgages, and interest rate swap contracts, as well as standby fees paid on the REIT's revolver.

Interest on debt, net of interest rate swaps increased by \$1.5 million and \$2.5 million for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2024, respectively, compared to the same period in the prior year. The increases were primarily due to increases in the average debt levels over the comparative periods, a higher pay-fixed weighted average rate on interest rate swaps and higher one-month SOFR rates. The REIT's revolver is redrawn from time-to-time to fund operating and investing activities.

The REIT's pay-fixed, receive-float interest rate swaps hedge the cash flow risk associated with one-month SOFR based interest payments, with 94.8% of the REIT's debt subject to fixed rates at June 30, 2024. The weighted average fixed rate of the REIT's interest rate swaps was 3.1% compared to the one-month SOFR at 5.3% at June 30, 2024, with a weighted average term to maturity of 2.8 years. Under these arrangements, for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2024 the REIT has received \$3.5 million and \$7.1 million, respectively, of net interest receipts.

On November 15, 2023, the REIT amended the \$137.5 million interest rate swap with a pay-fixed rate of 3.615% and maturity date of July 22, 2027. The one-time cancellation option that was in place prior to the amendment was removed and this swap is carried at fair value through profit or loss.

On May 18, 2023, the REIT amended the \$137.5 million interest rate swap with a pay-fixed rate of 1.691% and maturity date of July 22, 2027 by adding a one-time cancellation option by the REIT's counterparty on July 24, 2024. As a result of this amendment, the cash flow hedge was deemed no longer to be an effective hedge and hedge accounting was discontinued. On the day of the amendment, \$0.9 million was reclassified from the cash flow hedge reserve to profit or loss as the underlying cash flow was no longer expected to occur. The remaining \$3.3 million cash flow hedge reserve is amortized on a straight-line basis over the remaining expected terms of the hedged cash flows. Subsequent to the amendment, the swap is carried at fair value through profit or loss.

On May 18, 2023, the REIT entered into a forward pay-fixed, receive-float swap contract to hedge the cash flow risk associated with monthly SOFR based interest payments, effective August 22, 2023, for \$175.0 million. The swap is for a 5-year term maturing on August 22, 2028 with a pay-fixed rate of 3.465%.

The REIT does not capitalize interest for its projects under development. Interest expense is recognized as incurred in income, which is not comparable to other REITs or other corporations that capitalize interest.

NET INCOME

For the three month period ended June 30, 2024, net income decreased by \$4.9 million compared to the same period in the prior year. The decrease is attributed to a decrease in the fair value of properties, decreases in income received from joint venture investments, and increases in interest expense, partially offset by the aforementioned increases in NOI.

For the six month period ended June 30, 2024, net income increased by \$23.5 million compared to the same period in the prior year. The increase is attributed to an increase in the fair value of properties and an increase in NOI, partially offset by an increase in deferred income tax expense and interest expense.

NOI

NOI is a non-IFRS measure and is defined by the REIT as property rental revenue, excluding non-cash straight-line rent, less property operating expenses after adjusting for the impact of IFRIC 21 property tax accounting adjustments. Rental revenue excludes revenue recorded as a result of recording rent on a straight-line basis for IFRS which management believes reflects the cash generation activity of the REIT's properties. NOI is an important measure of the income generated from the REIT's properties and is used by the REIT in evaluating the performance of its properties. NOI may not be comparable with similar measures presented by other entities and is not to be construed as an alternative to net income or cash flow from operating activities determined in accordance with IFRS.

The following is a calculation of NOI:

		Three months e	ended June 30,		Six months e	ended June 30,
	2024	2023	Variance	2024	2023	Variance
Rental revenue	\$ 51,818	\$ 50,324	\$ 1,494	\$ 103,733	\$ 101,113	\$ 2,620
Straight-line rent revenue	(30)	(156)	126	(144)	(274)	130
Property operating expenses	(9,134)	(8,835)	(299)	(46,734)	(45,752)	(982)
IFRIC 21 property tax adjustment	(6,696)	(6,655)	(41)	14,449	13,892	557
Contribution from joint venture investments	5,484	5,635	(151)	10,710	11,172	(462)
NOI ¹	\$41,442	\$40,313	\$ 1,129	\$ 82,014	\$ 80,151	\$ 1,863

¹Excludes the impact of non-controlling interest.

The following shows the change in NOI for the three month period ended June 30, 2024 compared to the same period in the prior year:

NOI, June 30, 2023 ¹	\$ 40,313
Change in same-property NOI ¹	1,016
Contribution from redeveloped properties	363
Loss of contribution from properties under redevelopment	(229)
Loss of contribution from dispositions, including outparcel sales	(21)
NOI, June 30, 2024	\$ 41,442
Year-over-year change – \$	\$ 1,129
Year-over-year change – %	2.8%

¹Includes the REIT's share of joint venture investments.

NOI for the three month period ended June 30, 2024 was \$41.4 million, which represents an increase of \$1.1 million from the same period in 2023, primarily due to increases in rental revenue from re-leasing above average in-place rent and new leasing above comparable market rental rates, as well as revenue contributed from redeveloped properties, partially offset by temporary vacancies and a loss of contribution of NOI from a property moved into redevelopment.

The following shows the change in NOI for the three month period ended June 30, 2024 compared to the immediately preceding quarter:

NOI, March 31, 2024 ¹	\$ 40,572
Change in same-property NOI ¹	1,093
Loss of contribution from properties under redevelopment	(101)
Loss of contribution from dispositions, including outparcel sales	(122)
NOI, June 30, 2024	\$ 41,442
Quarter-over-quarter change – \$	\$ 870
Quarter-over-quarter change – %	2.1%

¹Includes the REIT's share of joint venture investments.

NOI for the current quarter increased by \$0.9 million from the first quarter of 2024 to \$41.4 million due to increases in rental revenue from releasing above average in-place rent and new leasing above comparable market rental rates, partially offset by temporary vacancies and loss of contribution of NOI from the property disposition and properties moved into redevelopment.

SAME-PROPERTY NOI

Same-property NOI is a non-IFRS measure and is defined by the REIT as rental revenue, excluding non-cash straight-line rent, less property operating cost expenses after adjusting for the impact of IFRIC 21 property tax accounting adjustments for those properties owned by the REIT for the entirety of each of the current period and the relevant comparative period excluding those properties under redevelopment. For the three month period ended June 30, 2024, the same-property portfolio consists of a portfolio of 112 properties owned and in operation for each of the entire three month periods ended June 30, 2024 and 2023.

Same-property NOI is an important measure of the income generated from the REIT's properties period-over-period, but without consideration of acquisition and disposition activity, and is used by the REIT in evaluating the performance of its properties. The REIT seeks to increase or maintain same-property NOI through high-occupancy, increasing rents on renewal to market rents and by signing leases with embedded rent increases throughout the term of the lease.

The following is a summary of same-property NOI and the related occupancy rates for the three month period ended June 30, 2024 as compared to the same period in the prior year, reconciled to total NOI:

	Number of			Three months e	nded June 30,
	properties	2024	2023	Variance	Change (%)
Same-property NOI ¹	112	\$ 40,022	\$39,006	\$ 1,016	2.6%
NOI attributable to redeveloped properties	3	1,221	858	363	
NOI attributable to properties under redevelopment	1	(43)	186	(229)	
NOI attributable to disposition, including outparcel sales	1	242	263	(21)	
Total NOI ¹		\$ 41,442	\$ 40,313	\$ 1,129	2.8%
Occupancy, same-property ¹	112	94.7%	94.0%	0.7%	
Occupancy, redeveloped properties	3	91.1%	90.7%	0.4%	
Occupancy, properties under redevelopment	1	—%	100.0%	(100.0%)	
Occupancy, disposition, including outparcel sales	1	—%	—%	—%	
Occupancy, portfolio ¹		94.2%	93.9%	0.3%	

¹Includes the REIT's share of joint venture investments.

Same-property NOI for the current quarter increased by 2.6% or \$1.0 million over the comparative period. The increase was primarily attributed to increases in rental rates from re-leasing above average in-place rent and new leasing above comparable market rental rates and impact of 2023 recovery reconciliation adjustments, partially offset by temporary vacancies and an increase in property operating expenses. Including the impact of completed redevelopments, same-property NOI increased by 3.5% or \$1.4 million over the comparative period.

The following is a summary of same-property NOI and the related occupancy rates for the trailing twelve month period ended June 30, 2024, as compared to the same period in the prior year, reconciled to total NOI:

	Number of		Т	Frailing twelve months, June 30,			
	properties	2024	2023	Variance	Change (%)		
Same-property NOI ¹	97	\$ 123,145	\$122,583	\$ 562	0.5%		
NOI attributable to redeveloped properties ¹	5	7,657	5,905	1,752			
NOI attributable to properties under redevelopment	1	386	768	(382)			
NOI attributable to acquisitions	13	30,068	28,588	1,480			
NOI attributable to dispositions, including outparcel sales	5	1,079	2,361	(1,282)			
Total NOI ¹		\$ 162,335	\$ 160,205	\$ 2,130	1.3%		
Occupancy, same-property ¹	97	94.4%	93.4%	1.0%			
Occupancy, redeveloped properties ¹	5	93.2%	90.3%	2.9%			
Occupancy, properties under redevelopment	1	—%	100.0%	(100.0%)			
Occupancy, acquisitions	13	95.9%	97.5%	(1.6%)			
Occupancy, dispositions, including outparcel sales	5	—%	93.7%	(93.7%)			
Occupancy, portfolio ¹		94.2%	93.9%	0.3%			

¹Includes the REIT's share of joint venture investments.

Same-property NOI for the trailing twelve month period ended June 30, 2024 increased by \$0.6 million or 0.5% over the comparative period. This increase was primarily attributed to increases in rental rates from re-leasing above average in-place rent and new leasing above comparable market rental rates, partially offset by increases in property operating expenses and temporary vacancies. Including the impact of completed redevelopments, same-property NOI increased by \$2.3 million or 1.8% over the comparative period.

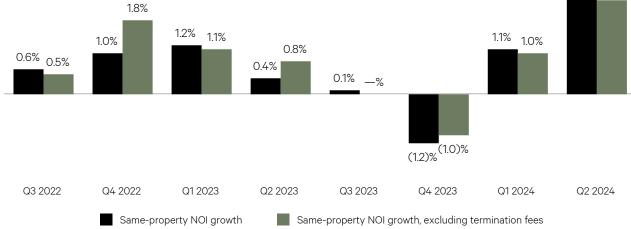
Same-property NOI by quarter and percentage change over the relevant comparative period for the respective quarter is as follows:

	Number of properties	Same-property NOI	Same-property change (%)	Same-property change (%), excluding termination fees
Q3 2022	71	\$ 21,681	0.6%	0.5%
Q4 2022	96	29,303	1.0%	1.8%
Q1 2023	96	29,827	1.2%	1.1%
Q2 2023	96	29,984	0.4%	0.8%
Q3 2023	100	31,850	0.1%	—%
Q4 2023	113	38,564	(1.2%)	(1.0%)
Q1 2024	113	39,229	1.1%	1.0%
Q2 2024	112	40,022	2.6%	2.3%

Termination income is included in the REIT's definition of same-property NOI, however, can be substantial and does not occur frequently. The following summarizes same-property NOI growth excluding the impact of termination fees:

1.8%

Same-property NOI Growth, Year-over-Year



2.6%

2.3%

NET ASSET VALUE

Net asset value is a non-IFRS measure and is defined by the REIT as the aggregate of the carrying value of the REIT's equity, exchangeable units of subsidiaries and deferred tax liability. Management believes that this measure reflects the residual value of the REIT to equity holders and is used by management on both an aggregate and per unit basis to evaluate the net asset value attributable to unitholders and changes thereon based on the execution of the REIT's strategy.

The following is the calculation of net asset value on a total and per unit basis to the REIT's consolidated financial statements:

	June 30, 2024	Dece	ember 31, 2023
Total equity	\$ 866,149	\$	867,236
Less: non-controlling interest	(180,505)		(179,793)
Adjusted unitholders' equity	\$ 685,644	\$	687,443
Deferred income taxes	150,776		146,651
Exchangeable units	7,264		8,269
NAV	\$ 843,684	\$	842,363
Class U units outstanding	60,339		60,301
NAV per unit	\$ 13.98	\$	13.97

NAV per unit has increased by \$0.01 primarily as a result of funds generated from operations, partially offset by distributions paid during the year.

	June 30, 2024	Dec	cember 31, 2023
Properties	\$ 2,049,811	\$	2,062,599
Other non-current assets	125,880		115,471
Current assets	52,841		57,728
Debt	(1,155,591)		(1,161,756)
Other non-current liabilities	(3,805)		(4,346)
Current liabilities	(44,947)		(47,540)
Non-controlling interest	(180,505)		(179,793)
NAV	\$ 843,684	\$	842,363
Class U units outstanding	60,339		60,301
NAV per unit	\$ 13.98	\$	13.97

FFO

FFO is a non-IFRS measure and real estate industry standard for evaluating operating performance. The REIT calculates FFO in accordance with the definition provided by the Real Property Association of Canada ("REALPAC") in its White Paper on FFO and AFFO for IFRS, as revised in January 2022. FFO is an important measure of the operating performance of REITs and is used by the REIT in evaluating the combined performance of its operations and the impact of its capital structure.

In calculating FFO, the REIT makes adjustments to the change in the fair value of properties, change in fair value of interest rate hedges recognized in income (loss), deferred income tax (expense) recovery, unit income and IFRIC 21 accounting related adjustments.

The following is a reconciliation of net income to FFO:

		4 2023 Variance 2024 20 3 \$ 18,948 \$ (4,945) \$ 27,615 \$ 4, 2) (1,512) 1,240 (2,458) (1,512) 1,240 (2,458) (1,512) 0 290 290 290 290 290 28,2 5 10,413 1,293 (1,976) 28,2 28,2 24,2 24,2 0 497 1,073 3,161 (4,2) 24,2 24,2 24,2		Six months en	ided June 30,	
	2024	2023	Variance	2024	2023	Variance
Net income	\$ 14,003	\$ 18,948	\$ (4,945)	\$ 27,615	\$ 4,117	\$ 23,498
Change in fair value of financial instruments	(272)	(1,512)	1,240	(2,458)	(1,512)	(946)
Disposition costs	290	_	290	290	_	290
Change in fair value of properties	11,706	10,413	1,293	(1,976)	28,293	(30,269)
Deferred income tax expense (recovery)	1,570	497	1,073	3,161	(4,127)	7,288
Unit income	(325)	(132)	(193)	(937)	(1,034)	97
Adjustments for joint venture investments	1,348	(357)	1,705	1,733	1,625	108
Taxes on dispositions	297	_	297	297	_	297
Non-controlling interest	(4,449)	(4,689)	240	(8,504)	(8,786)	282
IFRIC 21 property tax adjustment	(6,696)	(6,655)	(41)	14,449	13,892	557
FFO	\$ 17,472	\$ 16,513	\$ 959	\$ 33,670	\$ 32,468	\$ 1,202
FFO per WA unit	\$ 0.29	\$ 0.27	\$ 0.02	\$ 0.56	\$ 0.53	\$ 0.03
WA number of units outstanding	60,327	60,897	(570)	60,317	61,176	(859)

The following is a calculation of FFO from NOI:

		Three months e	nded June 30,		Six months er	hs ended June 30,	
	2024	2023	Variance	2024	2023	Variance	
NOI	\$ 41,442	\$ 40,313	\$ 1,129	\$ 82,014	\$ 80,151	\$ 1,863	
Straight-line rent revenue	30	156	(126)	144	274	(130)	
General and administrative expenses	(3,949)	(3,785)	(164)	(7,894)	(7,632)	(262)	
Cash interest, net ¹	(13,560)	(12,045)	(1,515)	(27,020)	(24,652)	(2,368)	
Finance charge and mark-to-market adjustments	(436)	(498)	62	(993)	(1,128)	135	
Adjustments for joint venture investments	(2,124)	(2,202)	78	(4,270)	(4,298)	28	
Non-controlling interest	(4,449)	(4,689)	240	(8,504)	(8,786)	282	
Current income tax recovery (expense)	518	(737)	1,255	193	(1,461)	1,654	
FFO	\$ 17,472	\$ 16,513	\$ 959	\$ 33,670	\$ 32,468	\$ 1,202	

¹Cash interest, net is comprised of total interest expense less amortization of finance charges and mark-to-market adjustments.

FFO for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2024 increased by \$1.0 million and \$1.2 million, respectively, from the comparative period primarily due to the aforementioned increases to NOI and decrease in current income tax expense, partially offset by the increases to cash interest, net.

AFFO

AFFO is a non-IFRS measure that is used by management of the REIT, as well as other real estate issuers and investors to measure recurring cash flows, including certain capital costs, leasing costs, tenant improvements and the impact of non-cash revenue. As described above, the REIT calculates AFFO as FFO adjusted for revenue sustaining capital expenditures, leasing costs, tenant improvements and straight-line rent. The calculation excludes redevelopment and expansion capital expenditures, which are revenue enhancing. The REIT's calculation is consistent with AFFO as calculated by REALPAC in its White Paper on FFO and AFFO for IFRS, as revised in January 2022. However, the REIT uses AFFO as a cash flow measure and considers it a meaningful measure used to evaluate the cash available for distribution to unitholders, while REALPAC considers AFFO as a recurring economic earnings measure. Accordingly, the REIT's use and calculation of AFFO may be different than the use or as disclosed by other businesses, and as a result, may not be comparable to similar measures presented by others.

The following is a reconciliation of cash flow from operations as included in the REIT's consolidated cash flow statement to AFFO:

		Three months er	nded June 30,		Six months er	nded June 30,
	2024	2023	Variance	2024	2023	Variance
Cash flow from operations	\$ 19,582	\$ 22,721	\$ (3,139)	\$ 36,621	\$ 41,900	\$ (5,279)
Changes in non-cash working capital items	(1,224)	(4,639)	3,415	(772)	(6,726)	5,954
Disposition costs	290	_	290	290	_	290
Finance charge and mark-to-market adjustments	(436)	(498)	62	(993)	(1,128)	135
Interest, net and TIF note adjustments	22	29	(7)	147	60	87
Adjustments for joint venture investments	2,665	2,711	(46)	5,096	5,690	(594)
Non-controlling interest	(3,678)	(4,019)	341	(7,021)	(7,521)	500
Taxes on dispositions	297	_	297	297	_	297
Capital expenditures	(1,407)	(1,518)	111	(2,963)	(2,600)	(363)
Leasing costs	(611)	(688)	77	(2,143)	(1,372)	(771)
Tenant improvements	(1,405)	(496)	(909)	(1,419)	(1,303)	(116)
AFFO	\$ 14,095	\$ 13,603	\$ 492	\$ 27,140	\$ 27,000	\$ 140

In calculating AFFO, the REIT makes adjustments to FFO for certain items including capital, leasing costs, tenant improvements, and straight-line rental revenue.

The following is a reconciliation of FFO to AFFO:

		Three months e	nded June 30,		Six months er	nded June 30,
	2024	2023	Variance	2024	2023	Variance
FFO	\$ 17,472	\$ 16,513	\$ 959	\$ 33,670	\$ 32,468	\$ 1,202
Straight-line rental revenue	(30) (156)	126	(144)	(274)	130
Capital expenditures	(1,407) (1,518)	111	(2,963)	(2,600)	(363)
Leasing costs	(611) (688)	77	(2,143)	(1,372)	(771)
Tenant improvements	(1,405) (496)	(909)	(1,419)	(1,303)	(116)
Adjustments for joint venture investments	(695) (722)	27	(1,344)	(1,184)	(160)
Non-controlling interest	771	670	101	1,483	1,265	218
AFFO	\$ 14,095	\$ 13,603	\$ 492	\$ 27,140	\$ 27,000	\$ 140
AFFO per WA unit	\$ 0.23	\$ 0.22	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.45	\$ 0.44	\$ 0.01
WA number of units outstanding	60,327	60,897	(570)	60,317	61,176	(859)

The following is a reconciliation of net income to AFFO:

		Three months er	nded June 30,		Six months en	ded June 30,
	2024	2023	Variance	2024	2023	Variance
Net income	\$ 14,003	\$ 18,948	\$ (4,945)	\$ 27,615	\$ 4,117	\$ 23,498
Change in fair value of financial instruments	(272)	(1,512)	1,240	(2,458)	(1,512)	(946)
Disposition costs	290	_	290	290	_	290
Change in fair value of properties	11,706	10,413	1,293	(1,976)	28,293	(30,269)
Deferred income tax expense (recovery)	1,570	497	1,073	3,161	(4,127)	7,288
Unit income	(325)	(132)	(193)	(937)	(1,034)	97
Adjustments for joint venture investments	1,348	(357)	1,705	1,733	1,625	108
Taxes on dispositions	297	_	297	297	_	297
Non-controlling interest	(4,449)	(4,689)	240	(8,504)	(8,786)	282
IFRIC 21 property tax adjustment	(6,696)	(6,655)	(41)	14,449	13,892	557
FFO	\$ 17,472	\$ 16,513	\$ 959	\$ 33,670	\$ 32,468	\$ 1,202
Straight-line rental revenue	(30)	(156)	126	(144)	(274)	130
Capital expenditures	(1,407)	(1,518)	111	(2,963)	(2,600)	(363)
Leasing costs	(611)	(688)	77	(2,143)	(1,372)	(771)
Tenant improvements	(1,405)	(496)	(909)	(1,419)	(1,303)	(116)
Adjustments for joint venture investments	(695)	(722)	27	(1,344)	(1,184)	(160)
Non-controlling interest	771	670	101	1,483	1,265	218
AFFO	\$ 14,095	\$ 13,603	\$ 492	\$ 27,140	\$ 27,000	\$ 140

The following is a calculation of AFFO from NOI:

		Three months e	nded June 30,		Six months er	nded June 30,
	2024	2023	Variance	2024	2023	Variance
NOI	\$ 41,442	\$ 40,313	\$ 1,129	\$ 82,014	\$ 80,151	\$ 1,863
General and administrative expenses	(3,949)	(3,785)	(164)	(7,894)	(7,632)	(262)
Cash interest, net ¹	(13,560)	(12,045)	(1,515)	(27,020)	(24,652)	(2,368)
Finance charge and mark-to-market adjustments	(436)	(498)	62	(993)	(1,128)	135
Current income tax recovery (expense)	518	(737)	1,255	193	(1,461)	1,654
Adjustments for joint venture investments	(2,819)	(2,924)	105	(5,614)	(5,482)	(132)
Non-controlling interest	(3,678)	(4,019)	341	(7,021)	(7,521)	500
Capital expenditures	(1,407)	(1,518)	111	(2,143)	(2,600)	457
Leasing costs	(611)	(688)	77	(1,419)	(1,372)	(47)
Tenant improvements	(1,405)	(496)	(909)	(2,963)	(1,303)	(1,660)
AFFO	\$ 14,095	\$ 13,603	\$ 492	\$ 27,140	\$ 27,000	\$ 140

¹Cash interest, net is comprised of total interest expense less amortization of finance charges and mark-to-market adjustments.

AFFO for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2024 was \$14.1 million and \$27.1 million respectively, which represents a \$0.5 million and \$0.1 million increase from the respective comparative period. The increase is primarily due to the aforementioned increases to NOI and decrease to current income tax expense, partially offset by increases in cash interest paid.

Capital improvements may include, but are not limited to, items such as parking lot resurfacing and roof replacements. These items are recorded as part of properties. Tenant improvements, leasing commissions, landlord work and maintenance capital expenditures can vary from period to period, at times significantly, depending upon the timing of lease expiries, re-leasing, and management's capital plan for the period. Such costs are generally expended for purposes of tenanting and extending existing leases, which create value at the REIT's properties and the portfolio as a whole by increasing contractual cash flow through new and extended leases. The REIT will continue to capitalize on value-add opportunities to revitalize, undertake space improvements and generally maintain the high quality of the properties and tenants. As a result of the natural variability of such costs, the REIT's calculation of AFFO will be variable when comparing current period results to prior periods.

Capital, leasing costs and tenant improvements

During the second quarter, capital improvements were completed across the portfolio. The majority of capital improvements were completed concurrent to leasing at the REIT's properties with the remainder as minor improvements. The remaining leasing costs were generally related to the high volume of new and renewal activity, totaling 93 leases executed in the current quarter. Leasing costs were well spread out across each deal with no singular deal representing a large percentage of the total expenditure. Leasing costs to secure new tenants are generally higher than the costs to renew in-place tenants. In addition to property reinvestment, the leasing capital consists of fees related to tenant improvement allowances and other direct leasing costs, such as broker commissions and legal costs. To date the REIT has funded capital and leasing costs using cash flows from operations.

The following is a reconciliation of net income to AFFO using a proportionate share (non-IFRS) measure. With the exception of net income, the table includes figures that are recorded as an equity investment, information that is not explicitly disclosed or presented in the consolidated financial statements.

	Three	e months endeo	l June 30, 2024	Thre	e months ende	d June	30, 2023
	Consolidated	Joint venture investments	Proportionate Share (Non-IFRS)	Consolidated	Joint venture investments	•	ortionate Share on-IFRS)
Rental revenue	\$ 51,818	\$ 8,369	\$ 60,187	\$ 50,324	\$ 8,446	\$	58,770
Property operating expenses ¹	(9,134)	(1,631)	(10,765)	(8,835)	(1,598)		(10,433)
General and administrative expenses	(3,949)	(211)	(4,160)	(3,785)	(279)		(4,064)
Interest and finance costs	(13,996)	(1,913)	(15,909)	(12,543)	(1,923)		(14,466)
Share of income in joint venture investments	2,012	(2,012)	_	3,790	(3,790)		_
Disposition costs	(290)	_	(290)	_	_		_
Change in fair value of financial instruments	272	(81)	191	1,512	231		1,743
Change in fair value of properties	(11,706)	(2,521)	(14,227)	(10,413)	(1,087)		(11,500)
Deferred income tax expense	(1,570)	_	(1,570)	(497)	_		(497)
Current income tax recovery (expense)	221	_	221	(737)	_		(737)
Unit income	325	_	325	132	_		132
Net income	\$14,003	\$ —	\$ 14,003	\$18,948	\$ —	\$	18,948
Change in fair value of financial instruments	(272)	81	(191)	(1,512)	(231)		(1,743)
Disposition costs	290	-	290	—	_		—
Change in fair value of properties	11,706	2,521	14,227	10,413	1,087		11,500
Deferred income tax expense (recovery)	1,570	-	1,570	497	_		497
Unit income	(325)	-	(325)	(132)	_		(132)
Adjustments for joint venture investments	1,348	(1,348)	-	(357)	357		_
Taxes on dispositions	297	-	297	—	—		—
Non-controlling interest	(4,449)	-	(4,449)	(4,689)	_		(4,689)
IFRIC 21 property tax adjustment and straight- line rental revenue	(6,696)	(1,254)	(7,950)	(6,655)	(1,213)		(7,868)
FFO	\$17,472	\$ —	\$ 17,472	\$16,513	\$ —	\$	16,513
Straight-line rental revenue	(30)	158	128	(156)	146		(10)
Capital expenditures	(1,407)	(330)	(1,737)	(1,518)	(445)		(1,963)
Leasing costs	(611)	(159)	(770)	(688)	(397)		(1,085)
Tenant improvements	(1,405)	(364)	(1,769)	(496)	(26)		(522)
Adjustments for joint venture investments	(695)	695	-	(722)	722		—
Non-controlling interest	771	_	771	670	_		670
AFFO	\$14,095	\$ —	\$ 14,095	\$13,603	\$ —	\$	13,603

¹ In accordance with IFRIC 21, the REIT recognizes the annual property tax liability and expense on its existing properties on January 1st, rather than progressively, i.e. ratably, throughout the year.

	Siz	x months ended	l June 30, 2024	Si	x months ended	d June	30, 2023
		Joint venture	Proportionate Share		Joint venture	Prop	ortionate Share
	Consolidated	investments		Consolidated	investments	(N	on-IFRS)
Rental revenue	\$ 103,733	\$ 16,590	\$ 120,323	\$ 101,113	\$ 16,858	\$	117,971
Property operating expenses ¹	(46,734)	(8,548)	(55,282)	(45,752)	(8,315)		(54,067)
General and administrative expenses	(7,894)	(437)	(8,331)	(7,632)	(471)		(8,103)
Interest and finance costs	(28,013)	(3,833)	(31,846)	(25,780)	(3,827)		(29,607)
Share of income in joint venture investments	4,707	(4,707)	_	5,249	(5,249)		_
Disposition costs	(290)	_	(290)	_	_		_
Change in fair value of financial instruments	2,458	(49)	2,409	1,512	32		1,544
Change in fair value of properties	1,976	984	2,960	(28,293)	972		(27,321)
Deferred income tax (expense) recovery	(3,161)	_	(3,161)	4,127	_		4,127
Current income tax expense	(104)	-	(104)	(1,461)	_		(1,461)
Unit income	937	_	937	1,034	_		1,034
Net income	\$27,615	\$ —	\$ 27,615	\$ 4,117	\$ —	\$	4,117
Change in fair value of financial instruments	(2,458)	49	(2,409)	(1,512)	(32)		(1,544)
Disposition costs	290	_	290	_	_		_
Change in fair value of properties	(1,976)	(984)	(2,960)	28,293	(972)		27,321
Deferred income tax expense (recovery)	3,161	_	3,161	(4,127)	_		(4,127)
Unit income	(937)	_	(937)	(1,034)	_		(1,034)
Adjustments for joint venture investments	1,733	(1,733)	_	1,625	(1,625)		_
Taxes on dispositions	297	—	297	-	_		—
Non-controlling interest	(8,504)	—	(8,504)	(8,786)	_		(8,786)
IFRIC 21 property tax adjustment and straight- line rental revenue	14,449	2,668	17,117	13,892	2,629		16,521
FFO	\$33,670	\$ —	\$ 33,670	\$32,468	\$ —	\$	32,468
Straight-line rental revenue	(144)	170	26	(274)	119		(155)
Capital expenditures	(2,963)	(389)	(3,352)	(2,600)	(518)		(3,118)
Leasing costs	(2,143)	(359)	(2,502)	(1,372)	(582)		(1,954)
Tenant improvements	(1,419)	(766)	(2,185)	(1,303)	(203)		(1,506)
Adjustments for joint venture investments	(1,344)	1,344	_	(1,184)	1,184		—
Non-controlling interest	1,483	_	1,483	1,265			1,265
AFFO	\$27,140	\$ —	\$ 27,140	\$27,000	\$ —	\$	27,000

¹ In accordance with IFRIC 21, the REIT recognizes the annual property tax liability and expense on its existing properties on January 1st, rather than progressively, i.e. ratably, throughout the year.

DISTRIBUTIONS

Pursuant to the Declaration of Trust, the income of the REIT is distributed on dates and in amounts as determined by the board of trustees. The REIT's current monthly distribution to unitholders is \$0.072 per class U unit or \$0.864 per class U unit on an annualized basis. Distributions paid decreased by \$0.2 million and \$0.4 million for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2024 over the comparative period primarily due to repurchases made in the prior year under the REIT's NCIB program resulting in a lower number of class U units.

The following table summarizes the REIT's distributions and reconciliation to distributions paid or settled:

		Three month	s ended	June 30,		Six months e	Six months ended Ju		
	2024	202	3	Variance	2024	2023	١	Variance	
Declared									
REIT units distributions	\$ 12,772	\$ 12,899	\$	(127)	\$ 25,544	\$ 25,921	\$	(377)	
Exchangeable units of subsidiaries distributions	196	190	6	_	392	392		_	
	\$ 12,968	\$ 13,09	5\$	(127)	\$ 25,936	\$ 26,313	\$	(377)	
Add: Distributions payable, beginning of period	4,323	4,41	2	(89)	4,323	4,412		(89)	
Less: Distributions payable, end of period	(4,323)	(4,349))	26	(4,323)) (4,349)		26	
Distributions paid or settled	\$ 12,968	\$ 13,158	\$	(190)	\$ 25,936	\$ 26,376	\$	(440)	

Taxation of distributions

The REIT qualifies as a "mutual fund trust" under the Canadian Income Tax Act. For taxable Canadian resident REIT unitholders, the REIT's distributions were treated as follows for tax purposes:

Taxation year, on a per dollar of distribution	Return of capital	Capital gains	Other income	Foreign tax paid
2023	51.0%	—%	50.4%	(1.4%)
2022	34.9%	6.3%	59.9%	(1.1%)
2021	58.9%	12.3%	30.8%	(2.0%)

FFO payout ratio

The FFO payout ratio is a non-IFRS measure that provides a representation of the distributions generated by the REIT compared to FFO. Management uses this measure on a total and per unit basis to evaluate the REIT's ability to sustain its distributions. The FFO payout ratio is calculated by dividing aggregate distributions made in respect of REIT units and exchangeable units of subsidiaries by FFO during the period of measurement.

The FFO payout ratio for the three month period ended June 30, 2024, decreased by 5.1% to 74.2% over the comparative period. The FFO payout ratio was 77.0% for the six month period ended June 30, 2024, which represents a 4.0% decrease from the comparative period. The change is mainly driven by the aforementioned increases to NOI and decrease to current income tax expense, as well as decreases in distributions declared due to the repurchase of units under the REIT's NCIB program in the prior year.

The table below illustrates the REIT's cash flow capacity, based on FFO, in comparison to its declared distributions:

	٦	Three mont	hs ende	ed June 30,	Six months ended June				
		2024		2023		2024		2023	
FFO	\$	17,472	\$	16,513	\$	33,670	\$	32,468	
Distributions declared		(12,968)		(13,095)		(25,936)		(26,313)	
Excess of FFO over distributions declared	\$	4,504	\$	3,418	\$	7,734	\$	6,155	
FFO payout ratio ¹		74.2%		79.3%		77.0%		81.0%	

¹Distributions declared represent distributions on REIT units and exchangeable units of subsidiaries.

AFFO payout ratio

The AFFO payout ratio is a non-IFRS measure that provides a representation of the distributions generated by the REIT compared to AFFO. Management uses this measure on a total and per unit basis to evaluate the REIT's ability to sustain its distributions. The AFFO payout ratio is calculated by dividing aggregate distributions made in respect of REIT units and exchangeable units of subsidiaries by AFFO during the period of measurement.

As described above, the REIT's determination of AFFO includes actual capital, leasing costs and tenant improvements, which can vary from period to period, at times significantly, depending upon the timing of lease expiries, re-leasing, and management's capital plan for the period. As a result of the natural variability of such costs, the REIT's calculation of its AFFO payout ratio will be variable when comparing current period results to prior

periods, and accordingly, inherently more volatile than the REIT's FFO payout ratio which does not include such costs. The actual ratio may from time-to-time be outside of this range.

The REIT strives to maintain an AFFO payout ratio that provides steady and reliable distributions to unitholders. As a result, the REIT is focused on maintaining a policy that provides a high level of certainty that the distribution will be maintained over time. The REIT's monthly distribution to unitholders was \$0.072 per class U unit or \$0.864 on an annualized basis.

The AFFO payout ratio for the three month period ended June 30, 2024 decreased by 4.3% to 92.0% over the comparative period. The AFFO payout ratio for the six month period ended June 30, 2024 was 95.6%, which represents a 1.9% decrease over the comparative period. The change in mainly driven by the aforementioned increases to NOI and decrease to current tax expense, as well as decreases in distributions declared due to the repurchase of units under the REIT's NCIB program in the prior year.

The table below illustrates the REIT's cash flow capacity, based on AFFO, in comparison to its cash distributions:

	1	Three montl	ns ende	d June 30,	Six months ended June 3				
		2024		2023		2024		2023	
AFFO	\$	14,095	\$	13,603	\$	27,140	\$	27,000	
Distributions declared ¹		(12,968)		(13,095)		(25,936)		(26,313)	
Excess of AFFO over distributions declared	\$	1,127	\$	508	\$	1,204	\$	687	
AFFO payout ratio		92.0%		96.3%		95.6%		97.5%	

¹Distributions declared represent distributions on REIT units and exchangeable units of subsidiaries.

Impact of interest rate changes

Though the REIT strives to maintain a conservative AFFO payout ratio, the actual ratio may from time-to-time be outside of this range as a result of operational results, including changes in interest rates, and the timing of capital and leasing costs. Management expects there will be normal deviations from this rate due to timing and natural volatility in the operations of the business. Management evaluates various factors in determining the appropriate distribution policy including estimates of future NOI, near-term grocery-anchor lease turnover, future capital requirements and interest rate changes.

In order to mitigate interest rate risk, the REIT has entered into notional amount pay-fixed receive-float interest rate swap contracts to hedge the cash flow risk associated with monthly SOFR based interest payments on a portion of the REIT's floating rate debt. As a result of the interest rate swaps, 94.8% of the REIT's debt is now subject to fixed rates. The weighted average fixed rate of the REIT's interest rate swaps was 3.1% in comparison to one-month SOFR at 5.3% at June 30, 2024 with a weighted average term to maturity of 2.8 years.

The terms of the interest rate swaps are as follows:

					/Total Weighted average
Pay-fixed rate	2.822 %	2.400 %	3.615 %	3.465 %	3.084%
Notional amount	\$ 175,000	\$ 137,500	\$ 137,500	\$ 175,000	\$ 625,000
Receive-floating rate	One-month SOFR	One-month SOFR	One-month SOFR	One-month SOFR	
Maturity date	August 22, 2025	July 22, 2027 ¹	July 22, 2027	August 22, 2028	
Remaining term (years)	1.1	3.1	3.1	4.1	2.8

¹The \$137.5 million interest rate swap with a pay-fixed rate of 2.4% contains a one-time cancellation option by the REIT'S counterparty on July 24, 2025.

INCOME TAX

The REIT's operations and the associated net income occur within partially owned, flow through entities such as partnerships. Any tax liability on taxable income attributable to the Slate Grocery exchangeable unitholders is incurred directly by the unitholders as opposed to Slate Grocery Investment L.P., the REIT's most senior taxable subsidiary. Accordingly, although the REIT's consolidated net income includes income attributable to Slate Grocery exchangeable unitholders as provision includes only the REIT's proportionate share of the applicable taxes.

For the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2024, the deferred income tax expense was \$1.6 million and \$3.2 million, respectively (three and six month periods ended June 30, 2023 - \$0.5 million and \$4.1 million, respectively). The REIT's deferred income taxes relate mainly to changes in the differences between the fair value of the REIT's properties and the corresponding non-depreciated value for income tax purposes.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Pursuant to the terms of a management agreement as amended on October 1, 2021, the Manager provides all management services to the REIT. The Manager agreed to provide certain services in connection with the business of the REIT, including: the structuring of the REIT, liaising with legal and tax counsel; identifying properties for acquisition; maintaining ongoing relationships with the lenders in respect of the mortgage loans for the properties; conducting continuous analysis of market conditions; and advising with respect to the disposition of the properties. In return for its service, the Manager receives the following fees:

- i. an asset management fee calculated as a percentage of GBV of the REIT. A rate of 0.40% is applicable to a GBV of up to \$2.0 billion and reduced based on certain GBV increases; and
- ii. an acquisition fee in an amount equal to 0.75% of the gross purchase price of each property (or interest in a property), including the price, due diligence costs, closing costs, legal fees, and additional capital costs for all properties indirectly acquired by the REIT.

Asset management fees incurred and payable to the Manager for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2024 were \$2.3 million and \$4.5 million, respectively (three and six month periods ended June 30, 2023 – \$2.0 million and \$4.4 million, respectively). No acquisition fees were incurred for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2024 and 2023. These transactions are in the normal course of operations, are in accordance with the management agreement and are measured at the exchange amount. The exchange amount is the consideration established under contract, as approved by the REIT's board of trustees. The Manager is a significant unitholder in the REIT, with an approximate 5.6% interest.

The REIT's key personnel include trustees and officers of the REIT. For the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2024, trustee fees amounted to \$0.2 million and \$0.4 million, respectively (three and six month periods ended June 30, 2023 - \$0.2 million and \$0.3 million, respectively).

MAJOR CASH FLOW COMPONENTS

The REIT is able to meet all of its obligations as they become due and have sufficient liquidity from the following sources: (i) cash flow from operating activities and (ii) financing availability through the REIT's revolving credit facility and conventional mortgage debt secured by incomeproducing properties.

		Six mo	nths end	ed June 30,
		2024		2023
Operating activities	\$	36,621	\$	41,900
Investing activities		721		(4,268)
Financing activities		(39,438)		(34,451)
(Decrease) Increase in cash	\$	(2,096)	\$	3,181

Cash flows from operating activities relate to the collection of rent and payment of property operating expenses. Cash flows from operating activities, net of interest expense are able to satisfy the REIT's distribution requirements and will be used to fund on-going operations and expenditures for leasing capital and property capital.

Cash flows from investing activities primarily related to the property disposition and distribution from joint venture investments. These amounts were partially offset by capital, leasing, and tenant improvement expenditures, as well as development and expansion capital.

Cash flows used in financing activities primarily related to distributions paid to unitholders, distributions paid to non-controlling interests, and repayments on mortgage financing and the REIT's revolving credit facility. These amounts were partially offset by advances made under the REIT's revolver.

PART IV - FINANCIAL CONDITION

DEBT

The REIT's overall borrowing strategy is to obtain financing with terms to maturity that are appropriate having regard to the lease maturity profiles of the underlying properties and which allows the REIT to (i) stagger debt maturities that reduce its exposure to interest rate fluctuations and refinancing risk in any particular period, (ii) minimize financing costs, and (iii) maintain flexibility with respect to property operations. The success of this strategy is dependent upon debt market parameters existing at the time of borrowing, as well as the particular features and quality of the underlying assets being financed. If this strategy is unsuccessful, mortgage principal repayments would be funded by operating cash flows, additional draws under the REIT's revolver, financing of income-producing properties or by issuances of equity.

The REIT's revolver and term loans provide the required flexibility to support the REIT's acquisition pipeline. The credit facility and term loans represent a significant component of the REIT's funding, which allows the REIT to maintain flexibility in its portfolio by avoiding debt that constricts portfolio capital recycling and redevelopment while minimizing unused cash positions. In addition to the credit facility and term loans, the REIT has ready access to alternative funding sources, including financial institutions for financing arrangements and investors at competitive rates. Management continues to monitor interest rate risk of the REIT's debt portfolio. As a result of the interest rate swap portfolio, 94.8% of the REIT's debt is subject to fixed rates.

..

						J	une 30, 2024	Dece	mber 31, 2023
	Maturity	Term to maturity (years)	Effective rate	Principal	Mark-to-market adjustments and costs	Car	rying amount	Ca	rrying amount
Revolver 12345	September 21, 2024	0.2	7.0 % \$	185,880	\$ (112)	\$	185,768	\$	188,108
Term loan ¹²⁴	March 21, 2025	0.7	6.9 %	225,000	(210)		224,790		224,647
Term loan 3 ¹²⁴	July 15, 2027	3.0	6.9 %	275,000	(3,384)		271,616		271,065
Mortgage	December 6, 2024	0.4	4.0 %	103,950	77		104,027		104,115
Mortgage	January 1, 2025	0.5	3.8 %	38,319	(83)		38,236		38,760
Mortgage	July 1, 2025	1.0	4.1 %	32,083	(88)		31,995		33,013
Mortgage	August 1, 2025	1.1	4.4 %	7,700	24		7,724		7,734
Mortgage	March 18, 2030	5.7	3.5 %	76,187	(914)		75,273		76,091
Mortgage	January 1, 2031	6.5	5.5 %	5,006	86		5,092		5,408
Mortgage	May 1, 2031	6.8	3.8 %	158,141	(2,027)		156,114		157,662
Mortgage	February 1, 2033	8.6	5.5 %	55,753	(797)		54,956		55,153
Total / weighted	average	2.3 ⁵	4.5% ⁶ \$	1,163,019	\$ (7,428)	\$	1,155,591	\$	1,161,756
Share of joint v	venture investments'	debt					205,596		207,297
Total / weighted	l average, proportiona	te basis				\$	1,361,187	\$	1,369,053

Debt held by the REIT is as follows:

¹The weighted average interest rate has been calculated using the June 30, 2024 one-month SOFR for purposes of the revolver, term loan and term loan 3.

² Debt available to be drawn is subject to certain covenants as provided in the REIT's lending agreements, including generally, a maximum of 65% consolidated leverage ratio. The applicable spread for the revolver where the consolidated leverage ratio is; (i) less than or equal to 45% is 145 bps; (ii) greater than 45% but less than or equal to 50% is 155 bps; (iii) greater than 50% but less than or equal to 55% is 170 bps (iv) greater than 55% but less than or equal to 60% is 195 bps; and (iv) greater than 60% is 215 bps, and includes a 10 bps SOFR index adjustment. The applicable spread for the term Ioan and term Ioan 3 where the consolidated leverage ratio is; (i) less than or equal to 45% is 135 bps; (ii) greater than 45% but less than or equal to 50% is 150 bps; (iii) greater than 50% but less than or equal to 55% is 160 bps (iv) greater than 55% but less than or equal to 60% is 185 bps; and (iv) greater than 60% is 205 bps, and includes a 10 bps SOFR index adjustment.

³ The revolver requires a stand-by fee to be paid in an amount equal to 0.25% of the unused portion of the revolver where the unused portion is greater than or equal to 50% of the maximum amount available and 0.15% of the unused portion of the revolver where the unused portion is less than 50% of the maximum amount available, calculated daily. ⁴ The revolver, term loan, and term loan 3 are secured by a general pledge of equity of certain subsidiaries of the REIT. Collectively, those subsidiaries hold an interest in 49 of

The revolver, term loan, and term loan 3 are secured by a general pledge of equity of certain subsidiaries of the REIT. Collectively, those subsidiaries hold an interest in 49 of the REIT's properties at June 30, 2024 (December 31, 2023 – 50).

⁵ Excludes six-month extension option exercisable at the REIT's option. With the six-month extension option, the weighted average debt maturity of the REIT's debt portfolio is 24 years.

⁶ Excludes the impact of joint venture investments. Including the impact of joint venture investments, weighted-average cost of debt is 4.5%.

On January 19, 2024, the REIT exercised the first six-month extension option on its \$300.0 million revolver, extending maturity to September 21, 2024.

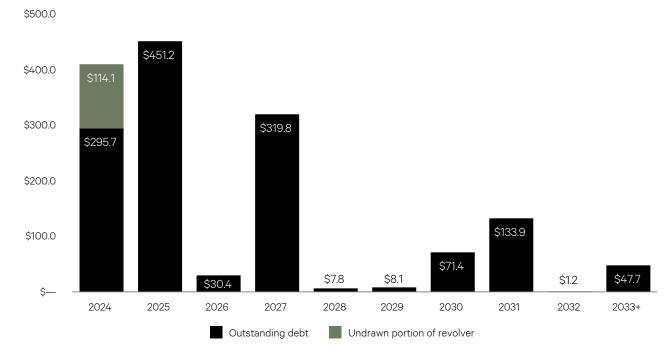
On February 1, 2023, the REIT entered into a \$56.0 million mortgage, with a 10-year term bearing interest at 5.50%. The net proceeds from the mortgage were used to paydown the REIT's term loan 2.

The carrying amount of debt was \$1.2 billion at June 30, 2024, which represents a decrease of \$6.2 million compared to December 31, 2023. The decrease is primarily attributable to principal repayments on mortgages as well as net repayments on the REIT's revolver.

The weighted-average term of the REIT's debt is 2.6 years at a weighted average cost of 4.50%, including the REIT's proportionate ownership in its joint venture investments.

Debt Maturity Profile ¹²





¹ Includes the REIT's share of debt held in its joint ventures.

² Debt maturity profile excludes a six-month extension option exercisable at the REIT's option for the revolver. With the six-month extension option, the weighted average debt maturity of the REIT's debt portfolio is 2.6 years on a proportionate basis.

DEBT TO GROSS BOOK VALUE

The REIT's Declaration of Trust provides for restrictions as to the maximum aggregate amount of leverage that may be undertaken. Specifically, the Declaration of Trust provides that the REIT is not permitted to exceed financial leverage in excess of 65% of gross book value, as defined by the Declaration of Trust. A calculation of debt to gross book value ratio is as follows:

	June 30, 2024	Dece	mber 31, 2023
GBV	\$ 2,228,532	\$	2,235,798
Debt	1,155,591		1,161,756
Leverage ratio	51.9%		52.0%

Additional investment and operating guidelines are provided for by the Declaration of Trust. The REIT is in compliance with these guidelines.

The REIT's revolver and term loans are subject to financial and other covenants. The following are the primary financial covenants, with all terms defined by the lending agreement:

	Threshold	June 30, 2024	December 31, 2023
Maximum leverage ratio: consolidated total indebtedness shall not exceed 65% of gross asset value	< 65%	53.8%	54.4%
Minimum fixed charge coverage ratio: adjusted EBITDA to consolidated fixed charges shall not be less than 1.50x $^{\rm 1}$	> 1.50x	2.01x	2.22x

¹ Adjusted EBITDA is defined as earnings before interest, tax, depreciation, and amortization, as defined by the Second Amended and Restated Credit Agreement for the revolver and term loan, as well as the Credit Agreement for term loan 3.

ADJUSTED EBITDA

Adjusted EBITDA is a non-IFRS measure and is used by the REIT to monitor the REIT's ability to satisfy and service its debt as well as monitor requirements imposed by the REIT's lenders. Specifically, adjusted EBITDA is used to monitor the REIT's leverage ratio and interest coverage ratio, which the REIT uses to measure its debt profile and assess its ability to satisfy its obligations, including servicing its debt. Management views adjusted EBITDA as a proxy for operating cash flow prior to interest costs.

The following is a reconciliation from net income to adjusted EBITDA:

			Thre	S	Six months ended June 30,					
		2024		2023	Variance	2024		2023	````	Variance
Net income	\$	14,003	\$	18,948	\$ (4,945)	\$ 27,615	\$	4,117	\$	23,498
Interest and finance costs		13,996		12,543	1,453	28,013		25,780		2,233
Change in fair value of financial instruments		(272)		(1,512)	1,240	(2,458)		(1,512)		(946)
Disposition costs		290		_	290	290		_		290
Change in fair value of properties		11,706		10,413	1,293	(1,976)		28,293		(30,269)
Deferred income tax expense (recovery)		1,570		497	1,073	3,161		(4,127)		7,288
Current income tax (recovery) expense		(221)		737	(958)	104		1,461		(1,357)
Unit income		(325)		(132)	(193)	(937)		(1,034)		97
Adjustments for joint venture investment		3,472		1,845	1,627	6,003		5,923		80
Straight-line rent revenue		(30)		(156)	126	(144)		(274)		130
IFRIC 21 property tax adjustment		(6,696)		(6,655)	(41)	14,449		13,892		557
Adjusted EBITDA	\$:	37,493	\$	36,528	\$ 965	\$ 74,120	\$	72,519	\$	1,601

		Thre	e months e	nded	June 30,	Six months ended June							
	2024		2023	,	Variance		2024		2023	,	Variance		
Rental revenue	\$ 51,818	\$	50,324	\$	1,494	\$	103,733	\$	101,113	\$	2,620		
Property operating expenses	(9,134)		(8,835)		(299)		(46,734)		(45,752)		(982)		
General and administrative expenses	(3,949)		(3,785)		(164)		(7,894)		(7,632)		(262)		
Adjustments for joint venture investment	5,484		5,635		(151)		10,710		11,172		(462)		
Straight-line rent revenue	(30)		(156)		126		(144)		(274)		130		
IFRIC 21 property tax adjustment	(6,696)		(6,655)		(41)		14,449		13,892		557		
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 37,493	\$	36,528	\$	965	\$	74,120	\$	72,519	\$	1,601		

INTEREST COVERAGE RATIO

In addition to the REIT's level of indebtedness calculated in accordance with the REIT's Declaration of Trust, management also monitors the REIT's interest coverage ratio, which is a non-IFRS measure. The interest coverage ratio is useful in determining the REIT's ability to service the interest requirements of its outstanding debt. The interest coverage ratio is calculated by dividing Adjusted EBITDA by the REIT's interest obligations for the period. Management utilizes this ratio to measure and monitor leverage. Additionally, Adjusted EBITDA is also a non-IFRS measure and is used by the REIT to monitor its interest coverage ratio as well as monitor requirements imposed by the REIT's lenders. Management views Adjusted EBITDA as a proxy for operating cash flow prior to interest costs.

The following is a calculation of Adjusted EBITDA and the REIT's interest coverage ratio:

	Т	hree month	is ende	d June 30,	Six months ended June 3				
		2024		2023		2024		2023	
NOI	\$	41,442	\$	40,313	\$	82,014	\$	80,151	
General and administrative expenses		(3,949)		(3,785)		(7,894)		(7,632)	
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	37,493	\$	36,528	\$	74,120	\$	72,519	
Cash interest paid		(13,582)		(12,074)		(27,167)		(24,712)	
Interest coverage ratio		2.76x		3.03x		2.73x		2.93x	

The interest coverage ratio decreased from 3.03x to 2.76x for the three month period ended June 30, 2024 from the comparative period. Further, the interest coverage ratio decreased from 2.93x to 2.73x for the six month period ended June 30, 2024, from the comparative period. The decrease is due to increases in cash interest paid, partially offset by increases to NOI.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The principal liquidity needs of the REIT arise from: (i) working capital requirements, (ii) debt servicing and repayment obligations which includes the term loans, revolver, and the mortgages, (iii) distributions to unitholders, (iv) planned funding of maintenance capital expenditures and leasing costs, and (v) future property acquisition funding requirements.

Cash flows from operating the REIT's property portfolio, available funding under the REIT's revolver, and cash on hand represent the primary sources of liquidity. Cash flows from operations are dependent upon occupancy levels, rental rates, collection of rents, recoveries of operating costs and operating costs. Working capital requirements of the REIT primarily include the payment of operating expenses, leasing costs, maintenance capital and distributions. Working capital needs are generally funded through cash generated from operations, which has historically exceeded such requirements.

The REIT manages its cash flow from operating activities by maintaining a target debt level. The debt to gross book value, as defined in the Declaration of Trust, as at June 30, 2024 is 51.9% (December 31, 2023 – 52.0%).

Contractual commitments

The REIT has the following contractual commitments:

	Total contractual cash flow	Remaining in 2024	2025-2026	2027-2028	Thereafter
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities ¹	\$ 46,271	\$ 46,271	\$ _	\$ _	\$ _
Distributions payable	4,323	4,323	_	_	_
Revolver ²³	185,880	185,880	_	_	_
Revolver interest payable 234	3,059	3,059	_	_	_
Term loan ²³	225,000	_	225,000	_	_
Term loan interest payable ²³	10,723	7,659	3,064	_	_
Term loan 3 ^{3 5}	275,000	_	_	275,000	_
Term loan 3 interest payable ³⁵	47,363	9,361	30,514	7,488	_
Mortgages ¹	681,251	110,039	256,382	52,583	262,247
Mortgage interest payable ¹	99,034	14,334	34,933	22,827	26,940
Exchangeable units of subsidiaries	7,264	7,264	_	_	_
Total ⁵	\$ 1,585,168	\$ 388,190	\$ 549,893	\$ 357,898	\$ 289,187

¹ Includes the REIT's share of joint venture investments.

² Revolver and term loan interest payable is calculated on its balance outstanding using an estimated "all-in" interest rate of 6.99% and 6.75%, respectively, under the "Remaining in 2024" column. The term loan long-term average interest rate is based on the one-month SOFR forward curve plus the specified margin for the SOFR rate option under the term loan resulting in "all-in" interest rate of 6.29%. The total revolver and term loan interest payable is calculated until maturity of the initial term.

³ Excludes the impact of the REIT's \$647.5 million pay-fixed, inclusive of the REIT's share of joint venture investments, receive-float interest rate swaps that hedge a portion of the cash flow risk associated with one-month SOFR based interest payments.

⁴ Includes stand-by fee on the revolver to be paid in an amount equal to 0.25% of the unused portion of the revolver where the unused portion is greater than or equal to 50% of the maximum amount available and 0.15% of the unused portion of the revolver where the unused portion is less than 50% of the maximum amount available, calculated daily.

⁵ Term loan 3 interest payable is calculated on its balance outstanding, using an estimated "all-in" interest rate of 6.75%, under the "Remaining in 2024" column. The long-term average interest rate is based on the one-month SOFR curve plus the specified margin for the SOFR rate option under the term loan 3 resulting in an "all-in" interest rate of 5.46%. The total term loan 3 interest payable is calculated until maturity.

ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities are comprised of the following:

	Ju	ine 30, 2024	December 31, 2023		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	18,758	\$	16,714	
Prepaid rent		6,160		7,019	
Tenant improvements payable		5,636		7,793	
Other payables	10,070			11,691	
Total	\$	40,624	\$	43,217	

Included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities are operating expenses, property taxes, and capital and leasing expenses. Other payables include security deposits, trustee fees, accrued interest payable, branch profit tax payable and other non-operating items.

REIT UNITS AND EXCHANGEABLE UNITS OF SUBSIDIARIES

The units of the REIT are presented as equity instruments while exchangeable units of subsidiaries are presented as financial liabilities in accordance with IAS 32, *Financial Instruments: Presentation.*

The exchangeable units of subsidiaries are redeemable at the option of the holder for cash or class U units of the REIT as determined by the REIT. Distributions paid on exchangeable units of subsidiaries are recorded as unit expense in the period in which they become payable. The exchangeable units of subsidiaries are measured at fair value at each reporting period with any changes in fair value recognized in net income as unit income.

Total REIT units outstanding during the period and their respective class U equivalent amounts if converted is as follows, in thousands of units:

		June 30, 2024		June 30, 2023
	REIT units	Value	REIT units	Value
Beginning of the period	59,130	\$ 584,769	61,277	\$ 596,701
Repurchased	_	_	(868)	(8,420)
End of the period	59,130	\$ 584,769	60,409	\$ 588,281

Total exchangeable units of subsidiaries during the period and the change in the carrying amount is as follows:

		June 30, 2024		Decem	nber 31, 2023
	Exchangeable Units	Value	Exchangeable Units		Value
Beginning of the period	907	\$ 8,269	907	\$	10,082
Change in fair value	—	(1,005)	—		(1,813)
End of the period	907	\$ 7,264	907	\$	8,269

ATM program

On March 30, 2022, the REIT established an at the market equity program ("ATM program") that allows the REIT to issue, at its discretion, up to \$150.0 million of class U units of the REIT to the public from time to time through an agent. Distributions pursuant to the ATM program will be made in accordance with the terms of an equity distribution agreement dated March 30, 2022 entered into among the REIT and the agent. The ATM program was effective until April 28, 2024 and was not renewed thereafter. For the six month period ended June 30, 2024, no units were issued under the ATM program (six months ended June 30, 2023 – ni).

Normal course issuer bid

On February 1, 2024, the REIT renewed its normal course issuer bid ("NCIB"), which is effective until January 31, 2025. For the six month period ended June 30, 2024, no class U units have been purchased and subsequently canceled under the NCIB (six month period ended June 30, 2023 - 0.9 million class U units were purchased and subsequently canceled for a total cost, including transaction costs, of \$8.4 million).

ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

The accounts receivable balance is comprised of the following:

	Ju	ne 30, 2024	Decem	nber 31, 2023
Rent receivable	\$	8,642	\$	7,501
Allowance		(1,698)		(1,171)
Accrued recovery income		7,328		8,949
Other receivables		7,939		6,893
Total	\$	22,211	\$	22,172

Rent receivable consists of base rent and operating expense recoveries. Management has provided for \$1.7 million (December 31, 2023 – \$1.2 million) as an allowance for doubtful accounts and anticipates that the unprovided balance is collectible.

Accrued recovery income represents amounts that have not yet been billed to tenants for operating expenses, mainly real estate taxes, and are generally billed and paid in the following year.

The aging analysis of rent receivable past due but not impaired, net of allowance for doubtful accounts, is as follows:

	Ju	une 30, 2024	December 31, 2023		
Current to 30 days	\$	2,138	\$	3,332	
31 to 60 days		699		446	
61 to 90 days		1,387		125	
Greater than 90 days		2,720		2,427	
Total	\$	6,944	\$	6,330	

The net amounts aged greater than 90 days are at various stages of the collection process and are considered collectible by management.

JOINT VENTURE INVESTMENTS

The REIT accounts for its joint venture investments using the equity method. The table below summarizes the REIT's investment in joint ventures:

			June 30, 202		Decen	nber 31, 2023
Portfolio	Anchors	State	Number of properties	Ownership interest	Number of properties	Ownership interest
Tom Thumb Portfolio	Tom Thumb, Walmart, and Raley's	Texas, Florida, and California	10	90% - 95%	10	90% - 95%
Other Grocery Portfolio	Stop & Shop, Price Chopper, Acme Markets and Strack & Van Til	New York and Indiana	4	85%	4	85%
Kroger Portfolio	Kroger	Michigan	1	50%	1	50%

The change in the REIT's joint venture investments are as follows:

						 June 30, 2024	 December 31, 2023
	То	om Thumb Portfolio	Otł	her Grocery Portfolio	Other	Total	Total
Beginning of the period	\$	58,388	\$	45,193	\$ 3,520	\$ 107,101	\$ 109,456
Contributions		_		_	880	880	_
Distributions		(1,625)		_	_	(1,625)	(6,063)
Share of income (loss) in joint venture investments		850		4,579	(722)	4,707	3,708
End of the period	\$	57,613	\$	49,772	\$ 3,678	\$ 111,063	\$ 1 07,1 01

NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST

The REIT has an established partnership with the North America Essential Fund ("NA Essential Fund"), a vehicle with management services provided by the Manager. The NA Essential Fund made an initial cash investment of \$180 million indirectly into the REIT's assets through the purchase of an 18.37% partnership interest in two of the REIT's subsidiaries, LP1 and SGIUSLP. The non-controlling interest in SGIUSLP includes the proportionate interest in the Tops Portfolio, a grocery anchored portfolio comprising 11 properties and 1.3 million square feet in major metro markets in New York, Ohio, and Georgia.

Primary Investment	Number of properties	June 30, 2024	December 31, 2023
LP1, SGIUSLP	116	18.4 %	18.4 %
Tops Portfolio	11	10.0 %	10.0 %

SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On July 15, 2024, the REIT declared monthly distributions of \$0.072 per class U unit. Holders of class A units, class I units and units of subsidiaries of the REIT were also entitled to receive an equivalent distribution.

PART V - ACCOUNTING AND CONTROL

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A summary of material accounting policy information is included in note 3 of the audited consolidated financial statements of the REIT as at and for the year ended December 31, 2023. The REIT's unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements follow the same accounting policies and methods of computation as used in the REIT's most recent annual consolidated financial statements, except as described below.

USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of the REIT's consolidated financial statements in accordance with IFRS requires management to make estimates, judgments and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Management's estimates are based on historical experience and other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results could differ from those estimates under different assumptions.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

The REIT has identified the estimate of the fair value of its properties as a critical accounting estimate due to the significance of the estimate to the REIT's financial position and impact of changes on fair value to net income. Estimating the fair value of real property is characterized by uncertainty, both in terms of differences between different methods of valuation but also in the selection of assumptions to reflect the property being valued, certain of which are subjective. There is no assurance that management's, or a third-party's, estimate of fair value would be realized on sale due to the specific and unique aspects of real property, including their location, liquidity, tenants and the local demand and supply of competing properties for tenants.

The REIT determines the fair value of properties based upon the overall income capitalization rate method, direct comparison approach or through a combination of methods. All methods are generally accepted appraisal methodologies. In certain circumstances, the direct comparison approach is used by comparing properties to similar properties that have sold, but adjusting for differences in the nature, location, and other relevant considerations of the properties. The valuation methodology used, or combination of methodologies used, is based on the applicability and reliability of the relative approaches in the context of the subject property.

The fair values of properties are measured individually without consideration to their aggregate value on a portfolio basis. No consideration is given to diversification benefits related to single property tenant risk and geography, the value of assembling a portfolio or to the utilization of a common management platform, amongst other benefits. As a result, the fair value of the REIT's properties taken in aggregate may differ from the fair value of properties measured individually in the REIT's consolidated statements of financial position.

The following is a summary of the methodologies undertaken by management to estimate the fair value of the REIT's properties:

Overall income capitalization approach

The overall income capitalization approach evaluates a property's potential to generate cash flows and converts those cash flows into a present value. Generally, the REIT estimates a stabilized NOI and applies a capitalization rate to that income to estimate fair value. Stabilized NOI is determined as the property's potential gross income that could be generated at full capacity, less a vacancy and collection allowance. The capitalization rate used is derived from analysis of comparable sales data and the relative relationship of other properties' NOI over their sale price and industry surveys. In many cases, industry surveys are available that provide indicative ranges of capitalization rates for recently sold properties or views on value, however, certain adjustments are required to adjust for the specific nature, location, and quality of properties.

Direct comparison approach

This approach involves comparing properties similar to the property for which fair value is being estimated and making adjustments to reconcile differences in size, location, nature, and the quality of the property.

A summary of the significant assumptions used in the REIT's estimate of fair value as at June 30, 2024 is included on page 28 of this MD&A. Changes in these assumptions would have a significant impact on the REIT's estimate of fair value, which can be impacted by changes in demand for properties similar to those owned by the REIT, expectations of market rents, the covenant quality of tenants and the general economic environment.

The REIT determines the fair value of properties primarily based upon the overall income capitalization rate method.

NEW ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Application of new and revised IFRS

Amendments to IAS 1

In January 2020 and October 2022, the IASB issued amendments to IAS 1, *Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-Current*, to specify the requirements for the classification of liabilities as either current or non-current. The amendments clarified the following:

i. Right to defer settlement – that if an entity's right to defer settlement is subject to compliance with future covenants, the entity has a right to defer settlement of the liability regardless of compliance with such covenants at the end of the reporting period.

- ii. Expected deferrals that the classification of a liability is unaffected by the likelihood that the entity will exercise its right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months following the reporting period even if settlement occurs prior to the authorization of the issuance of the financial statements.
- iii. Settlement by way of own instruments that settlement by way of an entity's own equity instruments is considered settlement for classification purposes with the exception of a conversion option that itself is classified as an equity instrument.

The amendment also provided for additional disclosures surrounding non-current liabilities for which a right to defer settlement is subject to compliance with future covenants within twelve months.

The REIT adopted the amendments, on a retrospective basis, effective for the annual period beginning on January 1, 2024. As a result of the amendments, the REIT reclassified the following liabilities from non-current to current in the consolidated statements of financial position:

	Decem	ber 31, 2023
Exchangeable units of subsidiaries	\$	8,269
Other liabilities		736
Total	\$	9,005

Other liabilities transferred to current were reclassified to the accounts payable and accrued liabilities line item in the condensed consolidated interim statements of financial position. There were no further material changes as a result of the adoption of the amendments.

CONTROL AND PROCEDURES

The REIT's management, under the supervision of its Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and Chief Financial Officer ("CFO"), is responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures ("DC&P") and internal controls over financial reporting ("ICFR"), as such terms are defined in National Instrument 52-109 – *Certification of Disclosure in Issuers' Annual and Interim Filings* ("NI 52-109").

DC&P are those controls and other procedures that are designed to provide reasonable assurance that all material information required to be disclosed by the REIT in annual filings, interim filings or other reports filed or submitted under securities legislation is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in the securities legislation. Furthermore, DC&P are those controls and other procedures that are designed to ensure that material information required to be disclosed by the REIT in annual filings, interim filings or other reports filed or submitted under securities legislation is accumulated and communicated to the REIT's management, including its CEO and CFO, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

ICFR is designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with IFRS. The REIT has applied the *Internal Control – Integrated Framework (2013)* published by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission for the design of its ICFR for the six month period ended June 30, 2024.

As required by NI 52-109, the REIT'S CEO and CFO have evaluated the effectiveness of the REIT'S DC&P and ICFR. Based on such evaluations, the CEO and CFO have concluded that the design and operation of the REIT'S DC&P and ICFR, as applicable, are adequately designed and effective, as at June 30, 2024.

No changes were made in the REIT's design of ICFR during the six month period ended June 30, 2024 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the REIT's ICFR.

In designing such controls, it should be recognized that due to inherent limitations, any controls or control systems, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable, and not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system are met. As a result of the inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues, including instances of fraud, if any, have been detected or prevented. These inherent limitations include, without limitation, (i) the possibility that management's assumptions and judgments may ultimately prove to be incorrect under varying conditions and circumstances; or (ii) the impact of isolated errors.

Additionally, controls may be circumvented by unauthorized acts of individuals, by collusion of two or more people, or by management override. The design of any control system is also based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential conditions. Projections of any evaluations of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

PART VI – PROPERTY TABLES

At June 30, 2024, the REIT owns a portfolio of 116 grocery-anchored properties. The portfolio consists of 15.2 million square feet of GLA with an occupancy rate of 94.2%.

Property	Location	Associated MSA	Area (SF)	% of Total	Occ. %	Anchor
98 Palms	Destin	Crestview-Fort Walton Beach-Destin	84,682		100.0%	Winn-Dixie
Bellview Plaza	Pensacola	Pensacola-Ferry Pass-Brent	82,910		100.0%	Publix
Cordova Commons	Pensacola	Pensacola-Ferry Pass-Brent	164,343		100.0%	The Fresh Market
Errol Plaza	Orlando	Orlando-Kissimmee-Sanford	76,582		100.0%	Winn-Dixie
Eustis Village	Eustis	Orlando-Kissimmee-Sanford	156,927		100.0%	Publix
Good Homes Plaza	Ocoee	Orlando-Kissimmee-Sanford	165,741		98.6%	Publix
Oak Hill Village	Jacksonville	Jacksonville	78,492		91.1%	Publix
Salerno Village Square	Stuart	Martin/St. Lucie	77,677		93.7%	Winn-Dixie
Uptown Station	Fort Walton Beach	Pensacola-Ferry Pass-Brent	272,616		90.1%	Winn-Dixie
Wedgewood Commons	Stuart	Martin/St. Lucie	168,922		96.8%	Publix
Mission Hills Shopping Center	Naples	Naples-Marco Island	85,078		100.0%	Winn-Dixie
Barclay Square	Largo	Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	89,149		91.1%	Walmart
River Run	Miramar	Miami-Fort Lauderdale-West Palm Beach	93,643		97.6%	Publix
Sheridan Square	Dania Beach	Miami-Fort Lauderdale-West Palm Beach	66,913		93.0%	Walmart
Flamingo Falls	Pembroke Pines	Miami-Fort Lauderdale-West Palm Beach	108,385		96.1%	The Fresh Market
Northlake Commons (FL)	Palm Beach	Miami-Fort Lauderdale-West Palm Beach	123,756		96.0%	Ross Dress for Less
Countryside Shoppes	Naples	Naples-Marco Island	73,986			Aldi
Creekwood Crossing	Bradenton	North Port-Sarasota-Bradenton	235,459		97.7%	Beall's
	2.000.000		200,100		•••••	Presidente
Skyview Plaza	Orlando	Orlando	265,285		93.2%	Supermarket
Total Florida			2,470,546	16.2%		
11 Galleria	Greenville	Greenville-Anderson	55,608		83.3%	The Fresh Market
Battleground Village	Greensboro	Greensboro-High Point	73,207		90.7%	Aldi
Flowers Plantation	Clayton	Raleigh-Cary	53,500		100.0%	Food Lion
Fuquay Crossing	Fuquay-Varnia	Raleigh-Cary	96,638		100.0%	Harris Teeter
Independence Square	Charlotte	Charlotte-Concord-Gastonia	190,361		98.9%	Super Global Mart
Mooresville Consumer Square	Mooresville	Charlotte-Concord-Gastonia	272,860		93.9%	Walmart
Mooresville Town Square	Mooresville	Charlotte-Concord-Gastonia	98,262		99.0%	Lowe's Foods
Harper Hills Commons	Winston-Salem	Winston-Salem	96,914		93.2%	Harris Teeter
Renaissance Square	Davidson	Charlotte-Concord-Gastonia	80,813		94.1%	Harris Teeter
Alexander Pointe	Salisbury	Charlotte-Concord-Gastonia	57,710		100.0%	Harris Teeter
North Summit Square	Winston-Salem	Winston-Salem	224,530		96.0%	Sam's Club
Bells Fork Square	Greenville	Greenville-Anderson	71,666		95.7%	Harris Teeter
Tanglewood Commons	Clemmons	Winston-Salem	78,520		92.9%	Harris Teeter
Westin Centre	Fayetteville	Fayetteville	66,890		100.0%	Food Lion
Fayetteville Pavilion	Fayetteville	Fayetteville	274,751		86.4%	Food Lion
Clayton Corners	Clayton	Raleigh	125,708		100.0%	Lowe's Foods
Total North Carolina			1,917,938	12.6%		
Beach Shopping Center	Peekskill	New York–Newark	204,532		87.6%	Stop & Shop
Mid Valley Mall	Newburgh	New York-Newark	216,094		94.2%	Price Chopper
Panorama Plaza	Penfield	Rochester	250,655		70.3%	Tops Markets
Crossroads Centre-Orchard Park	Orchard Park	Buffalo-Niagara Falls	150,990		95.8%	Tops Markets
Cheektowaga	Cheektowaga	Buffalo-Niagara Falls	136,058		95.6%	Tops Markets
Amherst	Amherst	Buffalo-Niagara Falls	135,184		88.4%	Tops Markets
Ontario	Ontario	Rochester	69,343			Tops Markets
Leroy	LeRoy	Rochester	56,472		97.5%	Tops Markets
Jamestown	Jamestown	Jamestown-Dunkirk-Fredonia	88,201		94.2%	Tops Markets
Warsaw	Warsaw	Buffalo-Niagara Falls	66,693		91.9%	Tops Markets
Culver Ridge Plaza	Irondequoit	Rochester	202,875		77.4%	Vacant
Mahopac Village Centre	Mahopac	New York–Newark	126,378			Acme Markets
				44.00/		
Total New York			1,703,475	11.2%		

				% of		
Property	Location	Associated MSA	Area (SF)	Total	Occ. %	Anchor
Abbott's Village	Alpharetta	Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Alpharetta	106,568		91.5%	Publix
Birmingham Shoppes	Milton	Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Alpharetta	82,905		95.4%	Publix
Duluth Station	Duluth	Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Alpharetta	95,038		97.1%	Publix
Locust Grove	Locust Grove	Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Alpharetta	89,567		100.0%	Publix
Merchants Crossing	Newnan	Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Alpharetta	174,059		97.5%	Kroger
Robson Crossing	Flowery Branch	Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Alpharetta	103,840		98.8%	Publix
Midway Plaza	Loganville	Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Alpharetta	82,076		95.4%	Kroger
Parkway Station	Warner Robins	Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Alpharetta	94,317		96.9%	Kroger
Riverstone Plaza	Canton	Atlanta	307,661		97.5%	Publix
Total Georgia			1,136,031	7.5%		
Lake Raystown Plaza	Huntingdon	Harrisburg	140,159		100.0%	Giant Food Store
Northland Center	State College	State College	111,718		97.3%	Giant Food Store
Norwin Town Square	North Huntingdon	Pittsburgh	141,466		95.5%	Shop n' Save
Shops at Cedar Point	Allentown	Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton	130,583		85.9%	Weis Markets
Summit Ridge	Mount Pleasant	Pittsburgh	240,884		93.3%	Walmart
West Valley Marketplace	Allentown	Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton	259,207		96.9%	Walmart
Total Pennsylvania			1,024,017	6.7%		
Barefoot Commons	North Myrtle Beach	Myrtle Beach-Conway-North Myrtle Beach	90,702		100.0%	Food Lion
Dill Creek Commons	Greer	Greenville-Anderson	,			Food Lion
		Greenville-Anderson	72,526			
Dorman Centre	Spartanburg North Myrtle	Greenville-Anderson	388,502		98.1%	Walmart
Little River Pavilion	Beach	Myrtle Beach-Conway-North Myrtle Beach	63,823		97.8%	Lowe's Foods
North Augusta Plaza	North Augusta	Augusta-Richmond County	229,730		96.1%	Publix
Total South Carolina		-	845,283	5.5%		
14th Street Market	Plano	Dallas-Ft Worth-Arlington	75,458		98.5%	Tom Thumb
Flower Mound Crossing	Flower Mound	Dallas-Ft Worth-Arlington	80,221		100.0%	Club 4 Fitness
Cross Timbers Court	Flower Mound	Dallas-Ft Worth-Arlington	77,111		92.6%	Tom Thumb
Park West Plaza	Grapevine	Dallas-Ft Worth-Arlington	78,828		88.8%	Tom Thumb
The Highlands	Flower Mound	Dallas-Ft Worth-Arlington	86,399		99.0%	Tom Thumb
Heritage Heights	Grapevine	Dallas-Ft Worth-Arlington	87,999		32.9%	Tom Thumb
Hunter's Glen Crossing	Plano	Dallas-Ft Worth-Arlington	92,468		98.8%	Tom Thumb
Alta Mesa Plaza	Fort Worth	Dallas-Ft Worth-Arlington	167,960		97.9%	Kroger
Josey Oaks Crossing	Carrolton	Dallas-Ft Worth-Arlington	85,698		97.9%	Tom Thumb
Total Texas			832,142	5.4%		
East Little Creek	Norfolk	Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News	66,120	0.470	—%	Vacant
		•	,			
Bermuda Crossroads	Chester	Richmond	122,566			Food Lion
Gainsborough Square	Chesapeake	Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News	88,862		98.2%	Food Lion
Indian Lakes Crossings	Virginia Beach	Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News	64,973			Harris Teeter
Smithfield Shopping Plaza	Smithfield	Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News	134,664		94.8%	Kroger
Apple Blossom Corners	Winchester	Winchester-Frederick	242,703		99.5%	Martin's
Total Virginia			719,888	4.7%		
East Brainerd Mall	Brainerd	Minneapolis-St Paul	193,689		95.5%	Cub Foods
Mapleridge Center	Maplewood	Minneapolis-St Paul	118,828		90.8%	Hy-Vee
North Branch Marketplace	North Branch	Minneapolis-St Paul	72,895		98.2%	County Market
Phalen Retail Center	St Paul	Minneapolis-St Paul	73,678		99.5%	Cub Foods
Plymouth Station	Plymouth	Minneapolis-St Paul	114,068			Hy-Vee
Total Minnesota	,	• • •	573,158	3.8%		
Hocking Valley Mall	Lancaster	Columbus-Marion-Zanesville	181,393	0.070	96.2%	Kroger
Chillicothe Place	Chillicothe	Columbus-Marion-Zanesville				-
			213,083			Kroger
Mulberry Square	Milford	Cincinnati	162,454		98.4%	Kroger
Total Ohio			556,930	3.7%		

Property	Location	Associated MSA	Area (SF)	% of Total	000 %	Anchor
Highland Square	Crossville	Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin	179,732	TOLAI		Kroger
North Hixson Marketplace	Hixson	Chattanooga	64,254			Food City
St. Elmo Central	Chattanooga	·	74,999			Food City
Sunset Plaza	Johnson City	Chattanooga Johnson City	143,752			Kroger
Westhaven Town Center	Franklin	Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin	63,904			U
Total Tennessee	FIGURIU		526,641	3.5%	100.0%	Kiogei
	Trov	Detroit-Warren-Dearborn		3.5%	06.9%	Walmart
Cambridge Crossings	Troy		238,980 72.631			ALDI
Canton Shopping Center	Canton	Detroit-Warren-Dearborn	,			
City Center Plaza	Westland	Detroit-Warren-Dearborn	97,670			Kroger
Windmill Plaza	Sterling Heights	Detroit-Warren-Dearborn	101,611	0.0%	97.3%	Kroger
Total Michigan	Dikill		510,892	3.3%	00.0%	
Glidden Crossing	DeKalb	Chicago-Naperville-Elgin	98,683			Schnucks
North Lake Commons	Lake Zurich	Chicago-Naperville-Elgin	121,099			Jewel-Osco
Prairie Point	Aurora	Chicago-Naperville-Elgin	91,535			Mariano's
Plaza St. Clair	Fairview Heights	St. Louis	97,685		87.2%	Schnucks
Total Illinois			409,002	2.7%		
Charles Town Plaza	Charles Town	Washington-Baltimore	208,888		99.2%	Walmart
Eastpointe Shopping Center	Clarksburg	Morgantown	181,016		99.8%	Kroger
Total West Virginia			389,904	2.6%		
Riverdale Shops	West Springfield	Springfield	273,532		98.0%	Stop & Shop
Total Massachusetts			273,532	1.8%		
Southgate Crossing	Minot	Minot	159,780		78.4%	Cash Wise
Watford Plaza	Watford City	Williston	101,798		100.0%	Cash Wise
Total North Dakota			261,578	1.7%		
Crossroads Shopping Center	Schererville	Chicago-Naperville-Elgin	129,272		95.3%	Strack & Van Til
Glenlake Plaza	Indianapolis	Indianapolis-Carmel-Anderson	104,679		91.9%	Kroger
Total Indiana			233,951	1.5%		
Pine Creek Shopping Center	Grass Valley	Sacramento-Roseville	194,873		95.1%	Raley's
Total California			194,873	1.3%		
Centerplace of Greeley	Greeley	Greeley	151,548		99.0%	Safeway
Total Colorado			151,548	1.0%		
Derry Meadows Shoppes	Derry	Manchester-Nashua	151,946		93.2%	Hannaford Brothers
Total New Hampshire			151,946	1.0%		
Taylorsville Town Center	Taylorsville	Salt Lake City	127,507		86.9%	Macey's Inc
Total Utah			127,507	0.8%		
Forest Plaza	Fond du Lac	Fond du Lac	123,028		100.0%	Pick 'n Save
Total Wisconsin			123,028	0.8%		
Stone House Square	Hagerstown	Washington-Baltimore	112,314		89.9%	Weis Markets
Total Maryland	<u> </u>	.	112,314	0.7%		
Total / WA			15,246,124		94.2%	
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Corporate Information

Slate Grocery REIT is an unincorporated, open-ended investment trust fund under and governed by the laws of the Province of Ontario. The REIT focuses on acquiring, owning and leasing a portfolio of groceryanchored real estate properties. The REIT has a current portfolio that spans 15.2 million square feet of GLA and consists of 116 critical real estate properties located in the U.S.

Trustees

Andrea Stephen, Chairman ¹²³ Corporate Director

Colum Bastable, FCA (IRL)¹²³ Corporate Director

Christopher Chee³ Corporate Director

Patrick Flatley ³ Corporate Director

Marc Rouleau¹² Corporate Director

Mary Vitug ¹² Corporate Director

Blair Welch ³ Partner and Co-founder, Slate Asset Management

Brady Welch Partner and Co-founder, Slate Asset Management

¹ Compensation Governance and Nomination Committee

² Audit Committee

³ Investment Committee

Head Office

Slate Grocery REIT 121 King Street W, Suite 200 Toronto, ON M5H 3T9 T +1 416 644 4264 F +1 416 947 9366 E info@slateam.com

Independent Auditors

Deloitte LLP Chartered Professional Accountants Toronto, Canada

Stock Exchange Listing and Symbol

The REIT's units are listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange and trade under the symbols SGR.U (quoted in US dollars) and SGR.UN (quoted in Canadian dollars)

Registrar and Transfer Agent

TSX Trust Company 301 - 100 Adelaide Street W Toronto, ON M5H 4H1 T +1 416 361 0930 F +1 416 361 0470

The REIT's website www.slategroceryreit.com provides additional information regarding the REIT's portfolio, investment strategy, management and corporate governance. Additionally, the Investor section includes news, presentations, events, regulatory filings and stock information.



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